BEAVER ARGUS.

Wednesday, April 8th, 1863.

D. L. IMBRIE, Editor & Proprietor.

TERMS—One Dollar and Fifty Cents per annum, in advance; otherwise Two Dollars will be charged. No paper discontinued until all arrearages are settled.

☞ Letters and communications, by mail shall have prompt attention.

NEW-YORK TRIBUNE. 1863.

The New-York Tribune, first issued in 1841, in its twenty-second years, has obtained both a larger and a more widely diffused circulation than any other newspaper ever published in America. Though it has suffered, in common with other journals, from the volunteering and departure of tens of thousands of its patrons to serve in the War for the Union, its circulation on this 6th of December, 1862 is as follows:

Daily	50,125
Semi-Weekly	17,250
Weekly	148,000
Aggregate	215,375

Pre-eminently a journal of News and of Literature, The Tribune has political convictions which are well characterized by the single word Republican. It is Republican in its hearty adhesion to the great truth that "God has made of one blood all nations of men"—Republican in its assertion of the equal and inalienable rights of all men to life, liberty, and the "pursuit of happiness"—Republican in its earnest, earnest, defiant hostility to every scheme and effort of the Slave Power, from the Annexation of Texas to the great Rebellion, to grasp the control of the New World and wield the resources of our country for its own aggrandizement—Republican in its antagonism to the despots of the Old World, who fondly hail in the perils and calamities suddenly thrust upon us by their American counterpart the overthrow and ruin of the Model Republic—Republican in its love and trust, its faith and effort, that this atrocious Rebellion must result in the signal overthrow of its plots, and the firm establishment of rights and equal laws throughout the whole extent of our country, that Liberty and Union shall indeed be "now and inseparable" hence-forward and forever.

The Tribune devotes attention in many times, and to some extent in case to Education, Temperance, Agriculture, Inventions, and whatever else may minister to the spiritual and material progress and well being of mankind: but for the present its energies and its columns are mainly devoted to the invigoration and success of the War for the Union. Its special correspondents accompany every considerable army and report every important incident of that great struggle which we trust to result in the speedy and conclusive triumph of the National arms and in the restoration of Peace and Thrift to our distracted, bleeding country. We believe that not often can a fuller or more accurate view of the progress and character of this momentous conflict be found than through the regular columns of our columns. And we cordially solicit the co-operation of friends of the National cause which we regard and uphold as that of Universal Humanity, to aid us in extending its circulation.

TERMS.

The enormous increase in the price of printing paper and other materials used in printing newspapers, compels us to increase the price of The Tribune. Our new terms are:

DAILY TRIBUNE.

Single Copy	cents
Mail Subscribers, one year (311 issues)	$8.
SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE.	
Single copy, one year (104 issues)	$3.
Five copies, one year	$5.
Ten copies, one year	$12.
Twenty copies, one year	$22 50.

An extra copy will be sent to clubs of twenty.

WEEKLY TRIBUNE.

Single copy, one year (52 issues)	$2
Five copies, one year	$7
Ten copies, one year	$8
Twenty copies, one year	$15.

For larger number, *addressed to different subscribers*, $1.50 each. An extra copy will be sent to every club of ten.

Copies, *to one address*, one year, and any larger number at the same rates. An extra copy will be sent to every club of twenty. To clubs of fifty the SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE will be sent for two years, and to clubs of fifty THE DAILY TRIBUNE will be sent one year.

Address THE TRIBUNE, Tribune Buildings, New-York City.

Payment can be procured it is safest to remit Bank Bills, Drafts, or Post-Office and Express Orders, and in all cases be plainly directed.

Subscribers who send money by Express must prepay the Express charges, or it will be deducted from the amount.

The Tribune Almanac for 1863 will be ready about Christmas.

"Union Hotel,"

BEAVER, PENN'A.

ALEX. CLARK, Proprietor

Having refitted the conveniences of a first class House throughout, the Proprietor has fitted up in connection a complete and satisfactory manner.

OYSTER SALOON.

In the best quality of Oysters may be obtained during their season, in any desired Families can be furnished with Oysters, by the gallon or dozen. The table is furnished with all the luxuries the PITTSBURG MARKET can afford.

Grateful for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed, a continuance of the same is respectfully solicited. dec17

PEN-KNIVES, Scissors, Gum Hair Pins, Purses, Port Monaies, Needles, Tweezers, Pencil-sharpeners, Spool Cotton, Thread, &c., for sale at the Drug Store of

DR. C. P. CUMMINS.

BEAVER ARGUS.

Vol. 39—No. 14. Beaver, Wednesday, April 8, 1863. Established 1818

Impromptu Lines on the Copperheads.

BY GEORGE W. BUNGAY.

When the sweet roses blushing red,
In Eden their first fragrance shed,
A traitor and a copperhead
Came in disguise,
Diffusing knowledge: and he said,
Eat and be wise,
And wisdom shall anoint thine eyes.

And when the Woman saw the tree,
So pleasant for the eyes to see,
She ate forbidden fruit. Thus she
Hath man misled.
Now 'neath the tree of liberty,
This copperhead
Appears in blue and white and red.

Under the silent grass he hides,
Among the weeds and flowers he glides,
Down by the brooks he most abides,
A treacherous thing.
The stars and stripes that deck his sides
Conceal a sting.
Venom and death are in his spring.

Satan seceded, and he fell,
In chains and darkness doomed to dwell,
With other traitors who rebel,
In act and word,
Because he'd rather reign in hell
Than serve the Lord,
Who guards us with a flaming sword.

Strong, But True.

An Irish soldier, of the Fourteenth Massachusstts regiment, writing to a friend in New York from the camp at Maryland Heights on Saint Patrick's day, expresses his opinion of the "peace" men and their schemes in a very free style, thus:

* * * "I cannot imagine anything more mean and despicable than a cowardly, sneaking, snivelling, cringing, whining, soulless *copperhead*. A copperhead has as much patriotism as a lobster, and as much courage as a bull-frog. He would sell his grandmother into slavery if he got a good price for her, and would give his children a cent each to go to bed without their supper, and steal the cents from them when they got to sleep, so as to have them to operate within the same way the night following.

"Any person who keeps himself at all posted on the news of the day, cannot help seeing that the South *don't want* peace on any terms of compromise that the North could offer.—Their papers, day after day, iterate and reiterate this. They want separation, and nothing more or less. They have staked their all upon this, and are determined to fight it out—and I *do* hope that the war will be so conducted on our part that they will get fighting to their heart's content. The rebel papers ridicule and abuse the copperhead peace party of the North, and assert that the South (when its independence is recognized) will not even trade with Yankees unless hard pushed, and not ever then, without holding their noses! And yet these cringing sycophants will get down on their marrow bones to the 'aristocratic chivalry,' and implore them to accept of their peace offerings!

* * * "Peace on their plan would be peace of short duration indeed. The battle of freedom and slavery has to be fought out on this continent, and now that we have our sleeves rolled up and our loins girded for the combat, what is the use of trying to defer it to some other day?"

☞ The Baltimore *American*—the old conservative organ of Maryland—quotes the Mobile *Tribune's* Richmond correspondence about Vallandigham, in which that person is described as uttering, in his "great speech," insufferable balderdash, insulting to the South, and inconsistent with itself—and adds concerning the distinguished sneak himself:

"Now, who will not say that that is not an eminently fitting reward for the ineffable meanness and treachery and dirt eating which has distinguished the great exponent of domestic treason, lately taken by the hand by the vilest herd of official plunderers ever known to this continent! Recognized on *both* sides as disgracing himself, as infamous, what compensation can there be for him which an honorable mind would covet; and how certain do we feel, as we read this caustic tirade from the far South, indorsed on its way hither in the rebel capital as true, that the Ohio traitor has embalmed himself in a coating of infamy which will last, like the wrappings around the mummies of Thebes, for the like thousands of years that this contest will be contemplated and discussed by wise and good men. 'Verily, he hath his reward.'"

☞ The President, in compliance with the request of the Senate, has designated Thursday, the 30th of April, as a day of national humiliation, fasting, and prayer, and concludes his Proclamation as follows: "Let us then rest humbly in the hope authorized by the Divine teachings, that the united cry of the nation will be heard on high, and answered with blessings no less than the pardon of our national sins and the restoration of our now divided and suffering country to its former happy condition of unity and peace."

For the Argus.

Loyal National League.

Pursuant to previous public notice many of the citizens of Greene township met in the basement of the Presbyterian church, in Hookstown, Mar. 28th, 1863. The meeting was organized by appointing HENRY COWAN Chairman, and John Mitchell Secretary. The object of the meeting, viz: The formation of a Loyal National League, was stated by the Chairman; when, on motion, a Committee was appointed to prepare a plan of organization. The Committee reported the following:

Resolved, That it is our duty, and the duty of every citizen owing allegiance to the government of the United States and that claims the protection of its Laws for his person and property, to give that Government his active, earnest and loyal support.

Resolved, That to enable us to discharge our duty more efficiently, we form a Loyal National League, to be composed of all Loyal citizens of the Township and vicinity, and we recommend that all such subscribe their names to the pledge adopted by this meeting (see pledge below) and we will now subscribe the same and perfect our organization by electing a President, Vice President, Secretary, Treasurer, and Executive Committee of ten persons.

Resolved, That the object and purpose of the League shall be, as the pledge implies, to unite together all Loyal men without reference to their political opinions, in an earnest and energetic support of the Government in carrying on the war, and putting down this wicked rebellion, and with this object and purpose in view, we will not question the right of its members to vote for whom they please, our Association having no reference to mere political or partizan organization.

Resolved, That we hold it to be the duty of every Loyal citizen to come out and define his position and withdraw himself from those that give aid and comfort to the enemy.

Resolved, That our Pledge, as adopted, be presented to *every* citizen of the Township, accompanied with the request that he sign it, and it is made the duty of the Executive Committee to see that this is done.

Resolved, That we recommend the formation of a Central Loyal National League at Beaver, for the County.

Resolved, That, in our opinion, the formation of Loyal National Leagues in the different districts in the county would tend much to give a healthy and loyal tone to public opinion, and enable the friends of the Union to act more efficiently in carrying out the objects enunciated in the Pledge.

After the adoption of the resolutions, the League organized by appointing Henry Cowan President, Jno. Mitchell Vice President, M. Lawrence Secretary, James H. Trimble Treasurer; Executive Committee: M. Lawrence, Joseph Cain, Johnston Calhoon, John M'Kibben, John Smiley, John Moody, Rev. R. S. Morton, John McCartney, James H. Trimble, John Mitchell. The following Pledge was signed by those present:

PLEDGE.

We, the undersigned, citizens of Greene Township, hereby associate ourselves under the name and title of the "Loyal National League." We pledge ourselves to an unconditional loyalty to the Government of the United States, to an unwavering support of its efforts to suppress the Rebellion, and to spare no endeavors to maintain, unimpaired, the National unity, both in principle and territorial boundary.

The primary object of this League is, and shall be, to bind together all loyal men, of all trades and professions, in a common union to maintain the power, glory, and integrity of the Nation. (Signed.)

Rolls, with the heading of the Pledge, will be circulated so as to give all citizens an opportunity of subscribing.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be presented for publication in the *Western Star* and Beaver *Argus*.

Adjourned, to meet at the call of the President.

HENRY COWAN, Ch'n.
John Mitchell, Sec'y.

Sold in a Lump.—The story goes in Washington, that when Vallandigham denounced the New York World as an abolition journal, and Ben. Wood denied that it was any more an organ of the Democrats, some Republican member of Congress expressed his surprise at those statements, "Why you see," replied Ben. "my brother got tired of the thing after the election, and sold out his interest to Belmont and others!"

"But the editors," suggested a listener, "were they transferred with the concern?"

"Oh yes," rejoined Ben, with the utmost coolness, "we sold 'em all in a lump!"

☞ Not long since, two sailor passed by a tailor's shop, observed a tailor at work with his waist-coat patched with different colors of cloth, when one of the tars cried out to the other: "Look ye, Jack, did you ever see so many sorts of cabbage growing on one stump before?"

[By Request.]

Evidence of Treason at Home.

(From the Greensburg Herald.)

We have just received the following letter from a member of Company B, 28th regiment. We do as he requests us, publish his letter over his own name, and the treasonable portion of the one he encloses? When the Provost Marshal enters upon his duties here, we suppose he will attend to Mr. Kalp's case and some others of a similar kind:

Aquia Landing, Va. Mar. 16. '63.

Mr. Editor:—Enclosed please find the original letter of a certain Mr. Kalp of Donegal (or vicinity) to Mr. James Leonard of our company. It was intended merely as a private letter, but its treason was so palpable and its advice so dishonorable that the young man to whom it was sent, was disgusted with, and insulted by its language. He handed the letter around among the boys and the expression of every one was that of unmitigated disgust. And for his kind offer to protect deserters; they replied that it would not be safe for him to throw himself on the mercy of the company. We are surprised to find such black and fiendish traitors at home.—And by common consent it was agreed that the letter should be published and the traitor exposed. All we regret is that such poor contemptible bipeds should be brought to light, we would rather let him remain in obscurity. But we hope by making a target of him for our invective, others, if there be any who are so debased, may be able to see with what loathing such men are looked upon by us who are in the field. He calls himself a Democrat—yes, a Democrat. Well, what the Democrats at home, are now, we can't say, but we have some in our company, and they are gentlemen, and patriots too, and bid fair to remain so in spite of all the treason home influence can bring to bear upon them. The poor silly creature seems to think we are fighting solely for the negro. We deny it. True, by our success the negro will be benefitted. But he is only a secondary consideration, and is only being used to aid ourselves. And in this respect we flatter ourselves that we are able to judge of passing events as well as those at home. We watch with a jealous eye the doings of Congress, and the powers invested in the President. But we left our homes and all their comforts from motives of patriotism. We started out with the determination of maintaining the Government, and we are determined still to have the U. S. Government supreme in the land, and our privileges and liberty, as we had them before the war, or we will die in the field.

We look back at the happy days we spent before the war, and ardently wish for their speedy return. Such prosperity and peace we hope soon again to enjoy, and woe to the man or set of men either north or south that does anything to hinder their speedy return.

You have may think this strong language, but we wish to give a word of warning to traitors at home, a word of encouragement to desponding patriots, and to assure all that the army is still true to the principle of our forefathers.

I am, Mr. Editor,
Respectfully yours, &c.,
Sergt. G. A. McIlvain,
Co. B, 28th Reg. P. V.

P. S.—You the privilege of publishing the foregoing letter or as much of it as you see proper, and also the treasonable part of Mr. Kalp's. The balance of his relates to family affairs and need not be published.—You may also publish my name in full, as I hold myself responsible for what I write.

G. A. McI.

Saltlick, Feb. 28th, 1863.

* * * * *

well James I suppose you are pretty near tierd of Soldier life and well you may as this war is an ungodly one I believe as the republicans or our present government are trying their utmost to destroy our constitution which was the Best in the world Well James I hope you will Soon try and get home give them the Slip and come home like all the good democrats will do as there is no honour for any democrat to Stay and fight to free the nigroes now James fight no longer to free the Blacks and against the constitution the Boys are nearly all at home that went to war from here and they are more honoured than those that are at war yet! there was twelve Soldiers Went through Donegall last week and the citizens of the town treated them for running off and So you See that there is more honour to run off than to Stay! if you can only get away there are plenty here to defend you

To Jas K Leonard — Geo Kalp and wife

☞ "Poor Nibbles," said Brown, of a recently deceased neighbor, who was ever thrifty, "he always saved his salt and lost his bacon." "Yes," sententiously observed Jones, "and now the salt has lost its saver."

☞ We always like to see gentlemen and ladies with beautiful rich gold rings on their fingers, and long dirty finger-nails—it looks so neat and genteel.

A Southern Voice to the Copperheads—The Richmond Enquirer on Peace.

[From the Richmond Enquirer of March 5th.]

"PEACE."

From of old it was held perilous for men to cry peace! peace! when there was no peace. The dangers of it for us at this moment are manifold. It encourages the planting of cotton instead of corn; it unsettles the minds of our soldiers in the field, which is demoralization; it stimulates the enemy to more vigorous prosecution of the war, by the idea that *we* are so tired of it.

There are some who reproach the *Enquirer* with being an advocate of war, and not of peace. This is somewhat unreasonable. Is any one offering peace? Look round our whole horizon—*where* is it, on sea or land, that you discern any faintest flutter of the "white wings?" It is all war; all one bottomless gulf of blood, one universal carnival of slaughter, and ravage and ruin.

True, there is one way by which the Southern Confederates could immediate by regain all the blessings of peace; it is by submission—by reconstructions—by desisting from the "rebellion," and delivering up our ring leaders to the punishment of the laws they have trampled upon. Is there, indeed, one single citizen of this Confederacy who would have peace at any price? Well, *here* is the price, say at once—are we to pay it?

But the symptoms of a breach between the East and Northwest! May not they be managed and turned to account, perhaps? Why "repel" the Northwest by harsh and cutting language? Truly, we admit the language is a very inadquate weapon against those armed and brutal invaders; they would never be "repelled" by vituperative epithet; and all the bayonets and columbiads we can muster are scarcely enough to repel the brigands. But let us help and encourage, you say, their intestine divisions. Yes we are willing; in the way we gave rise to those divisions at first, we wish to encourage them now. That is to say, by desperate resistance and defiance.

To be plain, *we fear and distrust far more these apparently friendly advances of the Democrats, than the open atrocity of philanthropists of Massachusetts.*—That Democratic party always was our worst enemy; and but for its poisonous embrace these States would have been free and clear of the unnatural Union twenty years ago. It is not the Seward-ized Simpson, the Black Republicans and Abolitionists, who have hurt us. They were right all along; there was an irrepressible conflict between two different civilizations, two opposite social organizations; they were no more able to live peaceably together in one government than two hands can wear one glove. If we did not discover so soon as the Abolitionists, this great truth, it was because the *Democratic party, neutral as it was in principle, false to both sides, and wholly indifferent to the morals of either of the opposing communities*, placed itself between, raised the banner of the "spoils," and—we all know the rest. *The idea of that ollius party coming to life again, and holding out its arms to us, makes us shiver. Its foul breath is malaria; its touch is death.*

Give us the open foeman; let him be as ferocious and greedy as you will. Let our enemy appear as an exterminating Yankee host, we pray, and not as a Democratic Convention. Let him take any shape but that!—Already we have visions of the men of feeble knees, tender feet and undulating spines, losing their senses and manhood by the contact, as they did, alas! so often before. We scent from afar off the old dead *compromises—absit omen!* and seem to feel upon our throats the strangulation of unclean fingers. But it is a dream; nobody lives in the this Confederacy who will dare to propose, or to hint even at a distance, that we should sacrifice at that abomnable shrine all the gallant blood freely poured out to sanctify our nationhood. For it comes to this: we can have no peace now, save by submission; no peace now save by making once more an affiliation with a Northern party, and making the Democracy *a present* of all that inestimable treasure of the dearest blood that flowed in Southern veins.

Peace! Does the monstrous host before Vicksburg bring us peace! Is it peace that Rosecrans is making in Tennessee? Does the military dispersion of public meetings in Kentucky bode peace? The new Northern conscription, enrolling three millions, and making provision for instantly commanding their service, or exacting a heavy exemption tax—does this look like peace? The deliberate vesting of Abraham Lincoln of all the military power of a dictator, with the treasure of the whole nation opened to him without stint—is it to enable him to make peace, or war—which?

Where, then, are those indications of peace, which we are said to be recklessly resisting and disdaining? Oh! the great speech of Vallandigham, the touching invitation of tuneful Cox! We greatly fear that those two woers of the South so fond and fain, will very soon be found like John Van Buren, shrieking out for war the knife; and if they delay or decline to recant their great and noble peace speeches why they will see the inside of Lincoln's jails. We wish from our hearts they were both already safely chained up at the present writing; they have done us more harm, they and their like, than ten thousand Sewards and Sumners. We tremble to see their unwholesome advances; still more to see a sort of morbid craving here to respond to them, under the delusive idea of promoting intestine division at the North.

Oh! Dictator Lincoln! lock up those two peace Democrats—together with Richardson—in some of your military prisons!

Mistaken for a Secesh.—The following is an extract of a private letter from Nashville:

A few days since, two of our men were walking along the streets of Nashville. They belonged to a regiment which had gone there as escort to a supply train, and while the wagons were being loaded had gone for a stroll. One of them was dressed in blue uniform, and carried his musket the other had on him a secesh coat which he had picked up on the battle ground, and wore long, black hair, and, indeed looked to a stranger more like a "secesh" than the honest soldier he is, when, as they passed a fine house, in the door of which was standing a very pretty young lady, she suddenly cried out:

"O, soldier, won't you let that man—he is a poor soldier of our army—whom you are guarding, come in? I know he wants something to eat.—Isn't he a Texas Ranger?"

"Yes," said he with the gun, "we captured him only the other day.—Go in, old fellow," giving him the wink.

The supposed Ranger went in and quickly returned with his arms full of pies cakes nice bread, a bottle of good liquor, and a lot of good things generally.

"Move on," said he with the gun; and so they moved on to the first convenient place, where they sat down and enjoyed a hearty meal, and carefully washed it down with good liquor.

Infamous.—A dastardly traitor, and skulker of the draft, was vaunting around town during last week, cursing the abolition war, and denouncing the soldiers as dying in a disgraceful cause. Alleging that their dead carcasses should be left where they die, and not be brought home to pollute the soil of Greene county. Stepping up to a father whose son was on his way home from the army, a lifeless corpse, he asked sacredly, when he was going to get his dead son home. The insult stung that bereaved father and patriot to the heart, and with an effort, apparently superhuman, he prostrated the beastly villain on the ground. The universal verdict is, "served him right," and the indignation of the community against the rebel blackguard was intense, and could with difficulty have been restrained had he not left the place shortly after the transaction.—*Greene Co. Republican.*

Anecdote of the Late Mr. Pettigru of Charleston.—A correspondent of the New York Evening Post relates the following anecdote of the late Mr. Pettigru, of Charleston. A person meeting him in the street accosted him and said:

"Will you be so kind as to direct me to the Lunatic Asylum?"

"Certainly," answered Mr. Pettigru, "there it is," pointing to the east; "and there," turning and pointing to the South; "and there," pointing to the West; "and there again," pointing to the North. "You cannot possibly go amiss."

When asked an explanation of this singular direction, he said: "The whole State is a lunatic asylum, and the people are all lunatics."

A Copperhead.—Senator Clark, of the Wisconsin Legislature, in a debate on a resolution of thanks to Gen Rosecrans, said:

"Till General Rosecrans had written that letter to the Ohio Assembly, and had excluded the Chicago *Times* from his lines, he had considered him a capable General; but any man who could write such a letter was a scoundrel, a villain and a coward."

The resolution passed, 27 to 1.

That fellow claims to be a *Democrat*, of course.

☞ The Chicago Times have proposed to enter upon the discussion of the question whether it would not be best to have a Union leaving New England out, the Louisville Journal asks:

"Wouldn't that question have been an interesting question in the Revolutionary War? How would the proposition have sounded to exclude New England privateers, and New England sailors, and New England soldiers from the last war with Great Britain?"

☞ A Douglas Democrat writes to the Troy *Times*: "If you have any copperheads among your readers, tell them that we soldiers think the secesh are a little cleaner and a good deal more manly than they.

☞ The penalty for selling poor butter in Philadelphia is confiscation—half to go to the clerk, the other half to the poor. The clerk, acting under the supposition that his wife is poor, gives the latter half to her.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

Advertisements inserted at the rate of 75 cents per square—each subsequent insertion 25 cents. A liberal discount made to yearly advertisers, and on long advertisements.

A space equal to twelve lines of this type measured as a square.

Special notices 25 per cent. addition to regular rates.

Business cards, 75 cents a line, per year.

Marriages and Deaths, Religious, Political and other Notices of a public nature, free.

Gen. Jackson and the Negroes.

We publish below the Proclamation of Gen. Andrew Jackson, calling on the negroes to enlist. "Old Hickory" it thought was a "mistaken policy" *to prevent* them from participating in the battles of their country. But Democracy "ain't now what it used to was," and perhaps the "Old Hero" did not know what genuine "anti-nigger" Democracy was:

PROCLAMATION.

To the free colored inhabitants of Louisiana:—Through a mistaken policy you have heretofore been deprived of a participation in the glorious struggle for national rights in which our country is engaged. This no longer shall exist.

As sons of freedom, you are now called upon to defend our most inestimable blessing. As Americans, your country looks with confidence to her adopted children, for a valorous support, as a faithful return for the advantages enjoyed under her mild and equitable government. As fathers, husbands and brothers, you are summoned to rally round the standard of the Eagle, to defend all which is dear in existence.

Your country, although calling for your exertions, does not wish you to engage in her cause, without amply remunerating you for the services rendered. Your intelligent minds are not to be led away by false representations. Your love of honor would cause you to despise the man who should attempt to deceive you. In the sincerity of a soldier, and the language of truth I address you.

To every noble hearted, generous, freeman of color, volunteering to serve during the present contest with Great Britain and no longer, there will be paid the same bounty in money and lands, now received by the white soldiers of the United States, viz. $124 in money, and 160 acres of land. The non-commissioned officers and privates will also be entitled, to the same monthly pay and daily rations, and clothes furnished to any American soldier.

On enrolling yourselves in companies, the Major General commanding will select officers for your government, from your white fellow citizens. Your non-commissioned officers will be appointed among yourselves.

Due regard will be paid to the feelings of freemen and soldiers. You will not, by being associated with white men in the same corps, be exposed to improper comparisons or unjust sarcasm. As a distinct, independent battallion or regiment, pursuing the path of glory you will, undivided, receive the applause and gratitude of your countrymen.

To assure you of the sincerity of my intentions and my anxiety to engage your invaluable service to our country, I have communicated my wishes to the Governor of Louisiana, who is fully informed as to the manner of enrolling, and will give you every necessary information on the subject of this address.

Head Qrs, 7th Military District,
Mobile, Sept. 21st, 1814.
ANDREW JACKSON,
Maj. Gen. Commanding

Copperheads and Rebels.—A dispatch from Indianapolis, of the 23d ult., says:

While a Butternut meeting was being held in Bloomington, Ind., one day last week, a train of rebel prisoners was detained there a few moments. The copperheads immediately swarmed around and advised the prisoners to take advantage of the crowd and desert, etc., until the officer in command was compelled to drive them from the train at the point of the bayonet.

A Pointed Reply.—A Boston paper says that when Gen. M'Clellan visited one of the military hospitals in that city, he found a soldier who had lost his leg. "Where were you wounded?" asked the General. "At Fredericksburg," replied the soldier, "but if you had been there, General, I should not have been hurt!"

☞ There are degrees of depravity as there are degrees of virtue. A Southern rebel is a very shabby animal, but a Northern sympathizer with rebellion is as much despicable as a hyena is more despicable than a tiger.

☞ Alarming stories have been told about people being poisoned with rye coffee, but Mrs. Partington suggests that some of them who use the extract of old rye in other fluid forms, may be subject to quite as much damage as the rye-coffee drinkers.

☞ Gen. Scott is said to be preparing for immediate publication, a detailed statement of his relations with Gen. M'Clellan during the brief period in which they served their country together at Washington.

☞ The Fall River *News*, states that the Pocasset Company found in fifteen bales of cotton no less than 2700 pounds of sand, seed, dirt, and other refuse material, packed among the cotton. Three hundred pounds of sand and cotton seed, were found in one bale.

BEAVER ARGUS.

Wednesday, April 8th, 1863.

D. L. IMBRIE, Editor & Proprietor.

S. M. Pentengill & Co.,

No. 37 Park Row, N. Y., & 6 State st., Boston, are our Agents for the ARGUS in those cities and are authorized to take Advertisements and Subscriptions for us at our *Lowest Rates.*

NOTICE.

HAVING disposed of my interest in the Beaver *Argus*, all those indebted to me for subscription, job work, etc., will please call and settle immediately with J. L. Anderson, who is authorized to receipt in my name.

Feb. 18, '62. T. C. NICHOLSON.

NOTICE TO CANDIDATES.—No announcement of name will, hereafter, be made without payment, of Two DOLLARS—excepting Coroner, Auditor, &c., which will be ONE DOLLAR.

MEETING OF EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.—The Executive Committee of the Union party are earnestly requested to meet, at the Court House, in the Borough of Beaver, on Saturday the 11th of April, inst., at 1 o'clock, P. M. Business of importance will be brought before the committee.

D. L. IMBRIE, *Ch'n.*

☞ A meeting of the Union League will be held in the M. E. Church, Bridgewater, on Thursday evening, the 16th inst. The public generally are invited. Distinguished speakers from abroad will be present to address the audience.

Death to Traitors.

That old Serpent called *Satan* after having ascended a high mountian, upon one occasion endeavored to deceive the Omnipotent, by promise of giving all the fertile valleys and beautiful plains with the glories of earth, if he would bow down and worship *him;* at the same time the poor *devil* did not own one foot of land. The same evil spirit seems to have possessed the traitors who are now endeavoring to overthrow the institutions and purposes of the best government that over existed amongst men. The Constitutional provision for the punishment of treason, is just as clearly defined in the laws of the United States and as easily understood, as was the rebuke administered to the arch-fiend upon the mountain top, "Get thee hence." Our law, which seems to be doubly sanctioned by the higher law, emphatically declares that the life of the traitor shall be forfeited.

The unfortunate criminal who has taken the life of his neighbor and drags out the few miserable days and nights in his lonely dungeon until the day of his execution arrives is not more worthy of death than the unfaithful citizen who rebels against his country. Those aiding and assisting another in the commission of murder although their hands may not have have joined with his in dealing the fatal blow, yet they are guilty of the same crime and deserving of the same punishment. So *treason* is *treason*, whether it stalks abroad at noon-day, or as the cowardly assassin courts the midnight darkness under which to veil his infidelity. Death should be its portion. We know there are

"Traitors in ruffles and traitors in rags
Traitors in coaches and traitors on nags;"

but under whatever guise they may present themselves, whether at the head or latter end of the Confederate army, in the halls of legislation passing disloyal resolutions, or amongst us at home sinditing township and county manifestoes, the mark of the beast is upon their foreheads, the cloven foot is foremost. If there ever was a time when human endurance was stretched almost beyond record certainly that time is now; and why our national and State Government possessed of the strong arm of the law, hesitate to grapple with and annihilate this savage, heartless treason displayed with unblushing and bold recklessness against our very existence as a nation, we cannot divine. Why not, when we know and feel the damnable villany of these domestic traitors, ferret out and deal with the snake-like tribe according to their just merits? Can there be punishment severe enough for the wickedness and unheard of monstrosity of men, in the face of piety and the blessings of such government as this, lifting their hands in rebellion against it? Night's sable veil can never hide the dark designs of treason; the fires of liberty can never purify the traitors heart, but the punishment which was administered to Judas, should be meted out to each of his followers at the present day.

ATTENTION Co. "F."—There will be a meeting of the company at the Court House, on Friday, April 10th, at 8 o'clock, A. M. All the members of the company are requested to be present. Those who have guns which they have not returned, are expected to return them on that day.

By order of the Captain.

R. GILMORE O. S.

Correspondence Between Earl Russell and J. M. Mason, Rebel Commissioner in England.

Amongst the various interesting and important matters which have recently come to public light and consideration, we notice a correspondence between Earl Russell, Her Majesty's Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and one James M. Mason, late of Winchester, Virginia, but now *pretending* to represent something of an imaginary or mystical character, styled the "Confederate States of America!"

This scoundrel, Mason, seems to have had his abode in London for some time past, or perhaps shortly after he and his co-conspirator against the Union, that old grey-headed Cataline, *Slidell*, were released from Ft. Warren. Mason is known to many of the people of this county, in connection with the Chew lands. He married a daughter of old Benjamin Chew, who died in 1845) and became of one the Executors of his father in-laws's will; and is now in the rebel enjoyment of a large fortune derived from his wife's father, who was a loyal and Union-loving man.

The published correspondence referred to, commenced by a letter from Mason to Russell, dated April 1, 1862, and ends with a *clincher* from Russell to Mason, dated February 27, 1863. Mason sets out by assuming, from various alleged facts accompanying his first letter, that according to international law, there was no blockade of certain leading Southern ports. On the 4th of April, 1862, Russell merely acknowledged the receipt of the rebel's letter, giving no expression on the subject matter thereof. On the 7th of July, 1862, Mason again addresses the Earl, or "My Lord," as he calls him, on the same subject, at considerable length, and with decided pungency, in regard to the course of Her Majesty's government on the quesquestion of blockades. He refers to the Paris Conference of 1856, in reference to the matter, and alleges that after Her Majesty's government, and that of France, had recognized the rebels of the South as a "belligerent Power," they (the rebels) were invited to accede, and they accordingly approved the same. On the 10th of the same month, Russell, through a subordinate in the Foreign office barely acknowledges the receipt of the rebel letter of the 7th, and leaves Mason out in the cold. Failing to make any point or position on the blockade question, Mason next turns his attention to "*intervention*," and writes a letter to Russell, July 17, 62, on that question, in which, amongst other things, he distinctly and emphatically says, speaking of the Confederate States, as he calls them, that "*Under no circumstances or contingencies will they ever again come under a common government with those now constituting the United States!*" We give this extract in *italics*, as we get it from Mason's letter, for the *special* benefit of those amongst us who belong to that class whom the papers of the South call dirt-eating peace-mongers. When the agent of the Rebellion writes thus to the British government, what shall the dirt-eaters up here in the North say about compromising with rebellion? Russell, in his letter of April 24, 1862, refuses intervention, "as Her Majesty's government had concluded that "*irritation*" might arise from such course.

Being again baffled, Mason veers about and sets sail for another point. He writes to "My Lord" Russell on the 24th July, 1862, claiming that the Confederate States were of right entitled to be recognized as a separate and independent Power, and to be received as an equal in the great family of nations. Accompanying this was an outside note, of the same date, in which Mason desires a "personal interview" with "My Lord." But on the 31st of the same month, Russell informs the rebel agent, by letter, that "Lord Russell does not think any advantage would arise from the personal interview which Mr. Mason proposes, and must therefore decline it."

After some further interchanges of letters between "My Lord" and the rebel agent, the latter falls back on the blockade. He refers to the affairs at Galveston and Charleston, and largely misrepresents the facts. Russell at last gets tired and worn out with Mason's doggedness and insufferable pressure, and in his letter of Feb. 27, 1863, to this impudent and lying rebel, closes and clinches the correspondence, by saying "the occasional escape of small vessels on dark nights, or under other piratical circumstances, from the vigilance of a competent blockading fleet, *does not evince that laxity in the belligerent which enured according to international law to the raising of a blockade.*"

Mason is known to be a pompous bumbug, putting on the airs of a man of high *ancestral* dignity, and pretends to be a lawyer and statesman of the first order; and yet, although Earl Russell snubs him from time to time, during the correspondence, and treats him with such marked contempt and disrespect; still the crouching traitor licks the dust and swallows the insults, and becomes a poor, miserable beggar at the Throne of England, to destroy this greatest of all governments ever established by human wisdom.

Union Leagues.

Since the publication of our former article on the above subject we have heard two objections urged against the organization by persons whose motives we fear are not the purest.—First, they urge that it is a political organization, intended to influence the coming election. True, they admit there is nothing in the Constitution, to warrant such a conclusion. The ostensible purpose of the organization, the professed object of it is commendable. But they are not to be deceived by outward show—not they. The Constitution, the solemn assurance of the members is nothing to them.—Belonging to a corrupt party and incapable of pure, patriotic action they think it impossible for others to raise above party organizations and party platforms, to throw aside politics when their country is in danger and serve their country for their country's sake. They have the solemn assurance of honest patriots, of both political parties, belonging to the Leagues, that politics is not mentioned, thought of, or intended, no attempt to control the political opinions—all are invited who are loyal to the Government—that being the only test of membership.—Yet they refuse to receive such evidence, refuse even to be convinced by their own knowledge and observation. We have offered them all the evidence they require, even inviting them to go and see it in all its workings; yet they refuse, stand aloof and cry out against, and endeavor to persuade others from the path of duty. By their conduct they will raise the issue of loyalty or disloyalty as the only one separating political parties and then we assure them there will be but one voice and one mind in the Union League organization. Admitting the ostensible object of the organization to be right, let them if they are loyal and desire to see everything prosper that tends to promote the interest and welfare of our common country, join hands with us, pledging our devotion to the Union and we assure them politics will not be introduced to mar the harmony. If it is they can then honorably withdraw. Do they fear to take the oath of allegiance? Do they desire and accept of the issue they themselves are forcing upon us?—Are they not opposing the organization because they are conscious of their disloyalty and fear the test? The second objection—secresy—is easily disposed of. In many places, and indeed a majority of the Leagues, hold their meetings openly. In some places again they are not open to every one, while they cannot justly be called secret meetings. Many other organizations hold secret or separate meetings for the transaction of their business and yet no one believes there is anything wrong in it. Political caucuses, and committees of correspondence have secret and exclusive business to transact. It is just so with this organization. While there is nothing in its constitution, object or purpose, but what is known to the world, yet for good reason, all are not admitted to its meetings. The organization took its rise in the border States where secresy was the only hope of success. It has spread rapidly and wonderfully throughout all of the Northern States, carrying perhaps some of the distinctive features so useful on the border. Whether there exists another organization in the North which is intended to strike, and if possible overthrow, the Government is not material. Although it has been proven that there is such an organization in Indiana with several thousand members. If it is found there it may extend into other Northern States. The object of the Union League is not so much to counteract treason at home as it is to unite the friends of the Government to kindle anew the patriotic fire and zeal of two years past. The moral effect of such Union and determination would, upon our enemies and upon the world, be worth an addition to our army of a hundred thousand men. The South has been led to believe and hope that the sentiment of the North has undergone a change; that there no longer exists among us that firm united, determination that characterized the people on the breaking out of this rebellion. They take courage from our political differences; even the European powers speak of divisions in the North as the hope of the South, and therefore argue her independence.

This organization will dispel their hopes. The people of the North, although divided in political views, can here meet and show that they are not divided in our intention to crush rebellion and restore the Government. We are still a powerful nation, both in our armies and resources. Let us but present to the world a united front and they will then see the conflict must end favorable to the cause of Union. This is the effect of the organization. Every one whose heart beats in unison with the interest of his country, who sincerely desires the rebellion put down, the Union restored, the supremacy of the laws vindicated, and peace and prosperity once more marking out the nation's pathway, freighted, as it is, with the interest of humanity, can, yea is his duty, to enrol himself with those already in the organization; and show to all the sincerity of his desires. Tens of thousands of all classes and parties are enrolling themselves daily. Those who refuse, who stand without and endeavor to prevent others from discharging a duty, may justly be suspected of impure motives and will eventually be overwhelmed with the torrent of patriotic indignation.

☞ Mr. Erwin Crail, of this place, has handed us a letter from his brother, Benj. F. Crail, formerly of this county, but who is now a Captain in 3d Iowa Cavalry, from which we take the following extracts:

CAMP NEAR ARCADIA, Mo., Mar. 23.

Dear Brother:—As it has been a long time since I have heard from you, I thought I would occupy a few minutes this wet day in talking to you. I hope you are enjoying all the comforts that can be enjoyed in a comfortable *home*—for there are many who do not enjoy those blessings, for instance the soldier, who can only enjoy the comforts of the camp and field. Do not think for one moment that I am dissatisfied with my lot, although rough. I am happy, or, at least, think I am, to what I would be if I were at home acting the *viper* and railing against the President and Administration, as others are doing, who call themselves Peace men. I have heard that old Beaver has quite a number of such men. I do hope I have not a relative on earth who acts, or even sympathises, with them. I would hate to accuse any man in old Beaver county of holding any such views as we hear they do. Yet we have evidence that there are such even in your county, who are so weak in spirit and mind as to be ready, now, to fall on their knees before Jeff. Davis, and beg his pardon for *attempting to subjugate his Grand Confederacy.* I think it weakness of mind and principle, not treason at all. I would hate to accuse any one in old Beaver of treason. It is too infamous and damnable a sin for any man in Pennsylvania to be guilty of. I would hate to accuse the lowest convict of the State prison of such a heinous sin. Why it would be a stigma on him for life; as sin in comparison to which all other crimes would sink into nonentity.

The President's Proclamation appears to give them considerable trouble. They think, and justly too, that freeing the negroes would leave them—those weak-minded, weak-spirited, idiotic, secession sympathisers—no inferiors. That, in my opinion is all true. Such men have no inferiors.—That is not the case with us soldiers, although we have to sleep on the ground, put up with all the privations of a soldier's life, march through rain, snow and mud. We feel our superiority over the black race, let them be free or slave, and have all the chance for improvement and cultivation of mind that we have. A white man (not a rebel sympathiser) needs not a law or statute to declare his superiority over the blacks—or worse than the blacks (Rebels)—in old Beaver county.

I have a word to say about these so-called peace meetings. For that mode of bringing about peace, we look upon the getters-up of them with scorn and contempt. If they want peace—honorable peace—and have a soul as big as a pea, let them shoulder their muskets and help send the rebels to the leader of the first rebellion.

I have not language to express my contempt and scorn for those self-styled Peace men of any free State. If they would go to stealing sheep and robbing hen-roosts it would be a more honorable employment, and bring less condemnation upon their heads, than by holding what they call, Peace meetings. They are prolonging this war, and they know it. They are at *home*, as they think, enjoying the the sweets of a family circle, a blessing too dear to a soldier to speak about, and, doing what?—standing between the Federal soldier and his *home*. We have all *homes* and friends that are as dear to us as the little cords that connect our hearts to our bodies. We are deprived of them, by who?—by copperheads in the free States. The rebels could have been conquered long before this had it not been for the encouragement they got from copperheads in the North. But the war-cry is heard amongst the soldiers; the cry is "No peace until the rebels, both North and South, are put down."

I would caution men who stay at home and sympathise with the rebellion, and rail out against the President and the best government in the world, to beware of the old house they are bringing down on their heads. Suppose they carry on their machinations to such an extent that the Government should be forced to make a dishonorable compromise, where do you suppose the soldiers would go?—home? No; they would rather go to their graves or leave their bones bleaching on the field, or in some wilderness. They might go into their own States to play a guerilla warfare on copperheads and peace men; and that is where you will find them. I hope you will be our side.

I am afraid I will weary your patience, so no more on this subject.

Yours, affectionately,

BENJ. F. CRAIL.

Harrisburg Correspondence.

HARRISBURG, April 4, 1863.

MR. EDITOR.—The Legislature has agreed to adjourn *sine die* on the 15th inst. This is surely good news for the people. The Cesna intrigue for an extra session was defeated by the firmness and honesty of the Senate. John can now have time to apologise for attending a Union meeting. The majority of the House of Representatives for 1863 have made a record of infamy for themselves, their children and their children's children that is sad to contemplate. It is hard to credit that men professing to be decent, humane and christians, could descend to the depths of degredation which they have done. But there is the record, and there it must remain, branding, blistering, blasting their names and memories through all time. Well did Gov. Johnston of Tennessee say that when a man joined the rebels you could not tell to what lengths of infamy he could go. The same remark will apply to rebel sympathisers in the North.

The House recently passed a bill prohibiting negroes from coming into this State. I knew that such a bill was on the files of the House. I knew that the Becks, Labars, Hopkins, Pattons and all such would vote for it, of course. There was one man of the majority however, who I felt sure would not disgrace his sacred calling by a vote so infamous. I allude to Rev. Wakefield. He had been a long time a preacher in a christian church. Had proclaimed that he was called of God to preach the Gospel.—Professed to believe the Bible to be of divine origin. Professed his faith in its doctrines and teachings. Had in his long ministry joined many negroes in the holy bonds of matrimony. Had baptised many of them. Had received many of them into the church. Had broken to many of them the bread of life. Had called them often by the endearing name of *brother* or *sister*. But now when the disloyal leaders of the party to which he belongs requires him to forget his manhood, to forget his moral standing in the community, to deny and outrage every principle of his christian profession the poor, lifeless, soulless, slave, spaniel-like, obeys.

"Not every one that saith unto me, Lord, Lord, shall enter into the kingdom of Heaven," &c.

"Lord when saw we Thee an hungered or athirst, or a *stranger* or naked, or sick, or in prison, and did not minister unto Thee."

"Verily I say unto you, inasmuch as ye did it not to one of the *least* of these ye did it not to me."

The divinity of the christian religion can easily be maintained against all skeptics, however able, but such conduct as that of Rev. Wakefield eats like a cancer. He has done more by that inhuman vote to make infidels than all the writers of infidelity for the last fifty years. Oh! how dwelleth the love of God in such a heart. I hope this man will repent. He is old and I hope will soon begin. He has much to do. Time rolls on. The Judgment day is coming, and no sneaking Cesna can aid him in that great day.

The Governor has nominated, and the Senate confirmed, Wein Forney, Esq., as State Librarian for three years from 1st February, 1863. Every one in the Senate styled Democrat voted against the appointment. A good indorsement for Forney. From the first gun fired at the "old flag" he has, daily, advocated the cause of his country. The malignity of the whole den of copperheads here against him is proof how faithful he has been to the cause of good government. The Governor has discharged a debt of gratitude due by all loyal men in the State, by this appointment.

Another Venue Bill has passed both Houses in relation to the everlasting Barker case, in your county. The first Bill under pretence of changing the venue to Fayette county, had a *snake* in it, which really discharged the parties. This the Governor vetoed. The second Bill changed the venue simply to Washington County. This second bill however outrageously it insulted the people of your county, however unprecedented it was, however false the pretences on which it was founded; still it was a *legal* outrage and was passed into a law. Outrage No. 3 is gotten up on *suspicion* of something in the future. Hence it provides that any *future* indictment presented against any member of this innocent family, growing out of the Sheets matter, shall be tried in Washington county. Your county, however, to pay *all expenses.*

Now I have conversed with eminent lawyers, who tell me there is not an instance on the Statue Books of such an outrage upon any people.—How some men who profess to be honest and wise could vote for it, I cannot say. But so it is. I verily believe that if a bill was got up to absolve this family from all trial for *any offence in future*, there are members of both Houses who would vote for it. Is there any oath-bound society which exacts a *higher allegiance* from its members than that imposed by the oath of a member of the Legislature. It would really seem so from what I have lately seen and heard. There is one Senator from whom better things were expected.—He has been consistent, however, from the first in voting for Bills No 1, 2 and 3, as he wanted Sheets pardoned. There is a Senator from the West who talks very virtuously on almost every subject. Had he received a common school education, and possessed even a tolerable moral character, he might have made his mark for good in his day and generation.—But as he is neither learned nor virtuous he is a standing illustration to prove how widely lofty pretences may differ from practice.

The situation of this country is truly alarming. I feel confident the rebellion will soon receive its quietus. There is, however, another serious evil to be corrected. The corruption in our State Legislature will, if not stopped, soon ruin us. When bribery and corruption so unblushing abounds in our Legislature Halls, how long will it be ere the jury box feels its cursed influence. Then where will be our security for character or property?

The masses of the people of all parties are yet sound and loyal. How can they be united for the correction of the terrible abuses which abounds.

You are aware that a great part of our State debt is over due. A bill was reported to consolidate these loans and issue new Bonds. The House has passed the bill, after striking out the only section in it of any real use. So much for the wisdom of 1863. Both Houses have been busy for some few days. The House is in session to-day (Saturday) the first time this session.

Much of the few days yet remaining of the session, from present indications, will be devoted by the majority of the House to the benefit of Jeff Davis. Resolutions giving him aid and comfort are under discussion and of course will pass. The *Telegraph* here, of yesterday, says the copperheads of your county request their members to bring guns to their meetings.—Can this be true? A. B. C.

FOR THE ARGUS.

MR. EDITOR:—I had the pleasure of attending the second meeting of the Union Relief Association, held in the United Presbyterian Church, in Frankfort, on the 31st ult. The object of the association is to aid sick and wounded soldiers. The meeting was opened by reading a portion of scriptures and prayer by Rev. Morton. Rev. Dr. M'Elwee addressed the meeting, giving a succinct history of the "irrepressible conflict" between slavery and freedom, which has been going on in our government ever since its formation, and which culminated in the present wicked and causeless rebellion of the slave power. The speaker warned his audience of the enslavement of the tongue, pen and press they might expect, should the rebels succeed, either by force of arms or by insidious compromise, stating that he spoke from personal observation of the governing policy of the slave power, as he had been born in South Carolina and lived there until thirty years of age. He, therefore, urged that our soldiers be sustained, so that the calamities may be prevented, which must follow should the rebels be successful.

At the close of his address the central committee reported through their chairman, Dr. M'Carrell, that they had received contributions in cash $820,23; that more had been subscribed but not yet paid in; that a considerable quantity of fruit, vegetables and clothing had also been subscribed, and that the work of canvassing for contributions was still going on. They also reported that they had appointed Rev. Morton, of Hookstown, and Dr. John M'Carrell, of Frankfort, to act as agents for the Association in visiting the hospitals and administering to the temporal and spiritual wants of the sick and wounded soldiers, and that Rev. D. Carson and Mr. Crawford had been selected as alternates in case the former should be prevented from acting. The ministers present, some eight or nine of them, volunteered to preach one day each for Rev. Morton so that his pulpit might be supplied in his absence. This was quite a pleasant feature in the meeting, for a majority of the ministers present belong to the U. P. church, while the Rev. Morton belongs to the O. S. Presbyterian church. A unanimous vote of thanks was tendered to the ladies who have acted on committees to solicit contributions for the aid of the soldiers.

Some remarks were made by the Rev. Campbell in which he insisted up on our duty to keep up our meetings and not permit our interest to lag in the important business in which we are engaged. We are permitted to meet to-day in peace and safety, said he, because our soldiers our standing between us and danger. Let us convince them by our sympathy and our aid that we appreciate the sacrifices which they have made, and whilst some in the North would discourage the soldiers, let us demonstrate to them, by our meetings, our influence and the giving of our means that we are determined *that they must and shall be sustained.*

Another meeting was appointed, to be held in Florence on Tuesday 21st inst. At the close of the exercises, Rev. Morton read the pledge of the Union League, which was on motion of Rev. Dr. M'Elwee, adopted as the sentiment of the meeting. After being in session some four hours the meeting was closed with prayer, by the Rev. Dr. Doig.

The territory now operated in by the association includes six townships in Washington, Allegheny and Beaver counties, and a small portion of North Western Virginia. Citizens of other townships have asked to co-operate, and power had been granted the Central Committee to extend their operations as much as they may think desirable. As the association sends its own agents to visit the hospitals, and instructs them to co operate with the United States Sanitary commission and Christian commissions, there can be but little doubt but that the contributions will reach those for whom they are intended.

A SUBSCRIBER.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—Official information has been received here that the rebels have a large force at or near Washington, North Carolina, and the belief is expressed in the same dispatch, that on about the 31st of March General Foster was engaged in fighting them.

Up to one o'clock to-day the government has received no intelligence regarding affairs off Charleston, other than what has already been published from the Richmond papers of Saturday.

HEADQUARTERS 101st PA., VOLS.,
Newberne, N. C.
March 20th, '63.

WHEREAS, Capt. William F. Dawson, Co. F, 101st Reg. Pa. Vols., has been compelled in consequence of ill health, to retire from the active duties of military life; and

WHEREAS, We, the undersigned commissioned officers of this Regiment, have been associated with him for the past eighteen months; therefore,

Resolved, That Capt. Dawson, during his connection with the regiment, has by his natural goodness of heart, his attention to the wants of his company, his uniform gentlemanly deportment and coolness and bravery as an officer, has won the high esteem and challenged the admiration of officers and men alike.

Resolved, That in this separation, we have been deprived of the companionship of a true and generous hearted friend—one whose many virtues entitle him to the permanent friendship and esteem of his comrades.

Resolved, That while we deeply regret that the exposures of an active campaign, and the ravages of disease have unfitted him for the service, we extend to him our most profound sympathy and the ardent hope of all for his speedy recovery and highest hopes of success and happiness in the quiet walks of peaceful life.

The above resolutions were signed by all the officers now present with the regiment.

A. W. TAYLOR,
Major 101st P. V.

Reported attack and Capture of Charleston.

NEW YORK, April 6.—The *Herald* publishes the following important special intelligence.

Washington, April 5.—The report has reached here by way of Fredericksburg, derived from rebel sources that Charleston was bombarded by our fleet, and attacked by our land forces on Thursday last, and is in possession of the Federals under Gen. Hunter and Admiral Dupont. The report is fully credited by prominent officers of the Government, who were in possession of facts in reference to the contemplated attack upon Charleston, which it is not yet prudent to divulge. It is certain, however, that those who are in possession of the information are confident that our soldiers and sailors will celebrate the second anniversary of the fall of Fort Sumter in the captured city of Charleston.

The *Times* contains the following:

Washington, April 5.—The city is nervous to-night over news derived from rebel sources, that Charleston has fallen, that our attack commenced on Friday, and was overwhelmingly successfully.

A flag of truce came to Fortress this morning. The rebel papers received under it made no mention of the fall of Charleston or of its surrender.

FORTRESS MONROE, March 6.—The latest Charleston papers received here acknowledge that the attack of the Federal army and navy upon the city had been commenced, but contain nothing indicating whether the movements of our forces have met with a success or a repulse. It is safe to infer that if the latter was the case they would have announced it in the most glowing terms known to the rebel vocabulary.

It is generally believed in official quarters that at least no reverse has been sustained by our troops or fleet, and there is the best reason to believe that the loyal North will be gratified by the gratifying announcement of the capture and occupation of the spot where treason was located.

NEW LONDON, CONN., April 6.—The city gives Seymour, Dem., for Governor, 248 majority. Fourteen towns in this county, viz: New Haven, Orange, North Bradford, Woodbridge, Naugatuck, Hamden, North Haven, Branford, East Haven, Madison, Seymour, Cheshire, Wallingford and Meriden give him 427 majority, being a gain of 179 votes, for Buckingham, Rep., over his vote in 1860, when he carried the State over Seymour by 5 majority.

WASHINGTON, Apr. 6.—The *Richmond Examiner*, which was received here to-day, contains the following dispatches:

Vicksburg, Apr. 2.—The enemy made a reconnoisance up the Yazoo river yesterday, and threw a few shells into Snyder's Bluff.

Chattanooga, Apr. 2.—The gunboats on the Tennessee have been driven back by our sharpshooters. The rebels clads endeavored to land at Florence this morning, but were attacked by our cavalry outposts. Heavy cannonading commenced, but with no effect.

There is no battle in the front, but heavy skirmishing has taken place at M'Minnville.

FORTRESS MONROE, April 7.—Yesterday's Richmond *Dispatch* says Pensacola was fired by the Union troops about the 23d ult., and most of the town destroyed. The soldiers are waiting to reinforce Banks. The most stirring news from the South comes from the Carolina coast. The enemy have landed a force on Seabrook or John's Island. Three gunboats and several transports are lying off the Island. Skirmishing has already taken place between our and the enemy's pickets. The pickets are driven in and the rebels advancing. Gen. Hagood has ordered all the women and children non-combatants to be removed to Adam's Run, which is twenty miles from Seabrook Island.

Horrible Outrage.

On Monday forenoon, a little girl, four or five years of age, daughter of Mrs. Kate Hanna, wife of a soldier, and residing in Hamilton's court, off Washington street, between Wylie and Webster was outraged in an outhouse, by a young man, who succeeded in making his escape, and whose name is unknown. The mother went to a store on Wylie street, the little girl following her out into the yard, where it seems she was siezed by the scoundrel, and carried into the out-house. He accomplished his devilish purpose, placing his hand over her mouth to prevent her from crying out. The mother, on returning from the store, met her child, crying most bitterly, and ascertaining what had taken place, immediately gave the alarm.—The child-ravisher had, however, disappeared.

A young man, seen lurking about the premises, is supposed to be the guilty party, but, unfortunately, only a very unsatisfactory description can be given of him. Alderman Butler has the matter in hand, and will spare no efforts to secure his arrest.

The injury inflicted to the child is of a most serious nature, and her condition on Monday evening, we understood, was considered critical by the attending physician.—*Pitts. Dis.*

St. Louis, April 6.—Half a block of the business part of Boonville was burned on the morning of the 3d.—Loss between forty and fifty thousand dollars. It was the work of an incendiary.

INDIANAPOLIS, Apr. 6.—The township elections in this State to-day, as far as heard from, resulted in large gains for the unconditional Union ticket.

Beaver Markets.

CORRECTED WEEKLY FOR THE "ARGUS."

Flour per bbl.		$7 00
do " 100 lbs		3 50
Dried Apples per bushel		2 00
do Peaches "	"	3 50
Wheat	"	1 40
Corn	"	99
Rye	"	1 00
Oats	"	60
Barley	"	
Clover Seed,	"	6 00
Timothy Seed,	"	3 00
Flax Seed,	"	3 60
Beans,	"	2 75
Potatoes,	"	1 00
Onions,	"	1 00
Corn Meal,	"	1 00
Eggs,	doren	12
Butter,	lb	28
Hams,	"	10
Shoulders,	"	8
Sides,	"	9
Tallow,	"	10
Lard,	"	12½
Candles,	"	16
Soap,	"	8
Molasses,	Gallon	66
Carbon Oil.	"	60

LIST OF LETTERS UNCALLED FOR, remaining in the Post Office at Rochester Pa., Mar 31st, 1863:

Bryan E C, 3	Harragh Fitzimons
Barnes S T.	Irons David
Bergner Caroline	Irons Nancy
Boles Minerva	Koerner Jacob
Cashin Dan	Lester David
Coulson Joseph	Leaf William
Benson Oscar	McLaughlin M
Elliott Sarah E	Mitchell J W
Green O H P	Miller Sarah E
Griffith Kate	Miller Emma
Gress John	Quigly William
Gorly Lucy	Robinson Rev B W
Gibbs Susan	Reed Mary
Greaves John, 2	Reed Thomas
Higgy Annie	Swift A E
Hanson Joseph	Smith John
Johns Mary Ann	Shaffer Miss C
Johnston Agnes	Sauter Sona
Hall John	Slatterly John
Horton Elizabeth	Stone D L
Harmbaugh Conrad	Neary Mary
Harding Caroline	Widrow Wm A
Heller Augest	Washingbaugh Chas

Persons calling for letters in the above list, will please say they are advertised.

J. M. TAYLOR, P. M.

LIST OF LETTERS, UNCALLED FOR, remaining in the Post office at Beaver C. H., Pa., Mar. 31st, 1863.

Bandelier John	M'Gill Rev J
Bruce Wm	M'Cay Rev W W
Bradford W R	M'Combly David
Brown Mary C	Pyle F C
Cunningham Julia	Pyle Susan
Crawford Lizzie	Pardee Joseph
Campbell Wm	Robertson Mrs J
Davidson Sam'l	Russell Christian
Dougherty Mrs	Rheil Leonhard
Evans Hannah	Stewart Wm
First Contae	Smith Sampson
Givers Louisa	Smith Edward
Given Robert	Swager Sarah
Gwin Sam'l	Schnallenberger Jno
Gibson Lieut W W	Scott R G
Heyre Mrs	Tonny Wm
Hussleton Sarah	Thorn Rev C
Jamison Marg't	Wilson G J
Johnston J M	Williams John
O'Larey John	White J L

Persons calling for letters in the above List will please say they advertised.

M. J. ANDERSON, P. M.

☞ Office Hours: From 7 A. M. till 6½ P. M.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of Moon Township, Beaver co., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will present them to the subscriber properly authenticated for settlement.

SAM'L SHAFER, Brighton tp.,
apr8'63. Administrator.

Notice.

MY wife, Susan Wilkinson, having left my bed and board, all persons are hereby notified not to trust her on my account, as I will not pay any debts of her contracting.

BENONI WILKINSON,
Big Beaver tp.,
mar.8,'63 Lawrence co., Pa.

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

WILSON, M'ELROY & CO.,

54 Wood St.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

OFFER THEIR STOCK FOR THE

SPRING OF 1863,

At the Lowest Market Price.

mar. 25,'63

Time Table.

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH, R. R.

Beaver Station—Going East.

Commencing, Monday, Nov. 17, 1862.—Trains leave Beaver Station as follows:

7:51 A. M.	Arrives at Pittsburgh,	9:20	A. M.
2:38 " M.	" "	4:10	P. M.
7:20 P. M.	" "	8:45	P. M.

Going West—

Trains leave Pittsburgh as follows:

6:40 A. M.	Arrives at Beaver,	8:19	A. M.
1:40 P. M.	Rochester,	3:00	P. M.
3:00 P. M.	" "	4:30	P. M.

J. N. McCULLOUGH, *Pres't.*
F. R. MYERS, *Gen'l ticket Agent.*

PITTSBURG, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R.

Rochester Station—Going East.

Commencing on and after Sunday, Jan. 4 1863. Trains leave Rochester Station as follows:

	Leaves Rochester	Arr. at Pitts.
1st Brigh'n Accom.	6:55 A. M.	8:40 A. M.
2d Brigh'n "	12:45 P. M.	2:50 P. M.
Mail,	2:15 P. M.	3:45 P. M.
1st Express,	8:40 A. M.	5:00 A. M.
2d Express,	10:00 P. M.	11:00 P. M.

Going West—

	Leaves Pitts.	Arr. at Rochester.
1st Brigh'n Accom.	9:30 A. M.	11:23 A. M.
2d Brigh'n "	4:20 P. M.	6:05 P. M.
Mail,	8:00 A. M.	9:28 A. M.
1st Express,	1:50 A. M.	3:05 A. M.
2d Express,	1:40 P. M.	2:55 P. M.

AUG. BRADLEY, Supt., E. D.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of Albert Ferry, late of Darlington tp, Beaver co., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claim gainst said estate will present them to the subscriber properly authenticated for settlement.

JOSEPH F. BAYLESS,
mar18,'63. Administrator.

ELECTION.

THE Stockholders of "the Company for erecting a Bridge over Big Beaver Creek, at or near Wolf Lane, in the county of Beaver," are hereby notified that an election for one President, six Managers, and a Treasurer, will be held in the Toll House of said company, on the last Monday (the 27th day) of April next, commencing at 10 o'clock, A. M.

mar17,'63 JAMES ALLISON, Treas.

For Rent.

THE large two story Brick House, with kitchen—in all sixteen rooms—suitable for a Boarding House, with garden and about two acres of yards of fruit and shrubbery, good barn, and all necessary out-buildings, known as Stone's residence, at Beaver Point. Also, a private residence, two story brick, with ten acres of land attached to it, with good well, cistern, good barn, and all other necessary out-buildings, situate on the brow of the hill above Beaver Point, now occupied by John S. Lehmer, Esq.

☞ Apply to CHARLES STONE, at the Beaver Point House, or at this office.

EXECUTORS NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned, on estate of Robert Wright, dec'd., late of Hookstown, Beaver county, Pa., all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make payment immediately and those having claims against the same will present them to the subscriber duly authenticated for settlement. THOS. WRIGHT.

mar11 Executor.

ADMINSTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration upon the estate of Francis M. Erwin, late of Hopewell tp., Beaver county, Pa., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to made immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN R. McDONALD, Hopewell tp.,
mar11'63. Administrator.

For Sale at the Beaver Drug Store,

MARTIN'S COAL OIL BURNERS—THE 'LITTLE MONITOR'—to burn oil without chimneys, a splendid affair. Also Carbon Oil Lanterns without chimneys.

For sale at Drug Store of C. P. Cummins—Gun Powder, Young Hyson and Black Teas, all good; Coffee, Ext. Coffee, Dandelion Coffee, Gold pens, Spectacles, Golden Syrup for table use, a prime thing; a cheaper article of Syrup, very good; vinegar, hominy, hand scrubing brushes and salt.

Zant currants and Raisons for sale at C. P Cummins' Drug Store.

BEAVER FEMALE SEMINARY.

Board of Directors—Rev D. H. A. M'Lean, D.D.
Rev. D. A. Cunningham.
Rev. C. P. Cummins, M. D.

THIS Seminary, having been bought by S. B. Mercer, is being thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished, and will be opened for the reception of Pupils, on

Monday, the 20th of April, '63.

A full corps of Teachers is being selected, who will be present at the opening of the term.

Rates, per Term of Fourteen weeks:

Board and room, furnished.....$38 00
To those furnishing a pair of sheets, pillow-slips, a blanket, and their own towels.....$36 00
Light and Fuel extra. Washing 30 cents per dozen.
Tuition.....from $4 00, to $7 00
Latin, French and Germen, each.....$5 00
Music and all branches of Drawing and Painting will be taught at the usual prices.—

☞ For further information address any one of the Directors, or

S. B. MERCER,
feb25 Superintendent.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS testamentary on the estate of Samuel Baxter, late of Pulaski township, Beaver County, Penn'a dec'd having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

EDMUND BOOTS, North Sewickly tp,
SAMUEL BOOOTS, " "
Feb28'62 Executors.

WANTED—10,000 Bushels of Wheat,
" 5,000 " Rye,
" 5,000 " Barley,
" 5,000 " Oats.

delivered in Pittsburg, for which I am authorized to pay the highest prices. Address,

J. W. CRAFT.
No. 185, Liberty Street Pittsburg.
sep17 3m.

Notice.

ALL persons having unsettled account with me, or Smith & Collins, within the last twenty years, for Carding, Spinning, &c., will please call at the Fallston Woolen Factory, before the first of October, 1862, and settle the same by cash or note.

jy16,'62. EPH'M. SMITH

Do You Want Employment.

I OFFER a pleasant business for the Spring and Summer, with large profits. Send for my new circular, containing full information.

Address GEO. EDW'D SEARS,
mar14 161 William St., N. Y.

Quarterly Statement

OF THE BANK OF BEAVER COUNTY.

New Brighton, Feb. 4, 1863.

RESOURCES.

Bills and Notes discounted, active	$54,005 13
Same under protest	100 00
Loan to Commonwealth	5,000
Due from other Banks	18,902 11
Notes and Checks of other Banks	43,250 32
and Treasury Notes	
Coin in Vault	9,091 58
Furniture and Office Fixtures	1,958 95
Protest account	1 41
Current Expenses	553,49
Total	$133,022 99

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in	$75,225 00
Notes in Circulation	2,480
Due Depositors	53,067 11
Profits and Earnings	1,720 13
Dividends unpaid	530.75
Total	$133,022 99

BEAVER COUNTY ss: Before me, a notary public, in and for said County, came Edward Hoops, Cashier of the Bank of Beaver County, who being duly affirmed according to law, deposeth that the above statement is correct and true, according to the best of his knowledge and belief. EDWARD HOOPS.

Affirmed and subscribed before me this 4th day of Feb, 1863. J. CUTHBETSON, N. P.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS

THE combination of ingredients in these Pills are the result of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, and certain in correcting all irregularities, painful menstruations, removing all obstructions, whether from cold or otherwise, headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, whites, all nervous affections, fatigue, hysterics, pain in the back and limbs, etc., disturbed sleep, which arise from interruption of nature.

Dr Cheeseman's Pills

was the commencement of a new era in the treatment of those irregularities and obstructions which have consigned so many to a PREMATURE GRAVE. No female can enjoy good health unless she is regular, and whenever an obstruction takes place the general health begins to decline.

Dr. Cheeseman's Pills

are the most effectual remedy known for all complaints peculiar to Females. To all classes they are invaluable, *inducing, with certainty, periodical regularity.* They are known to thousands, who have used them at different periods, throughout the country, having the sanction of some of the most eminent Physicians in America.

Explicit directions, stating when they should not be used, with each Box—the Price One Dollar per Box, containing from 50 to 60 Pills.

Pills *sent by mail, promptly*, by remitting to the Proprietor. Dr. Smith of Bridgewater, sole agent for this County.

R. B. HUTCHINGS, Proprietor.
20 Cedar St., New York.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

THE TRUSTEES OF BEAVER ACADEMY desiring to transfer the Male Department of that Institution to another and a less extensive building, offer for sale the property now known as the BEAVER ACADEMY, situate on the corner of third street and the Public Square, in the borough of Beaver.—The lot is of good size. The improvements are a large three story Brick building, with frame attached, and was originally built for a Hotel. It contains upwards of 30 rooms; cellar underneath the whole building. This property, from its location and the character and arrangement of the buildings, is well calculated for a good hotel, and will be sold at a reasonable price and on reasonable terms.

☞ For further information and terms, apply to Rev. D. A. Cunningham, Bridgewater, the undersigned, or any member of the Board of Trustees. By order of the Board.

Beaver, Feb 21, '62. H. HICE, Sec'y.

H. B. ANDERSON,

DEALER IN

DRY GOODS & GROCERIES.

THE LATEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE Styles of DRESS GOODS kept constantly on hands and for sale, for

CASH OR PRODUCE.

Beaver, January 14th, 1863.

"The Union,"

Arch Street above Third,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Upton S. Newcomer, Prop'r.

THIS Hotel is central. Convenient by Passenger Railway Cars to all parts of the City, and in every particular adapted to the comfort and wants of the Travelling Public.

TERMS, $1,50 PER DAY.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration upon the estate of Milo Cain, late of Independence township, Beaver county, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JAMES WHITE,
feb.25, 1863 Administrator.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary on the estate of John S. M'Coy, late of Greene township Beaver county, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

NANCY M'COY,
ALEX. A. M'COY,
mar18,'63 Executors.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of Administration on the estate of George Bruce, late of Moon township, Beaver County, Pennsylvania, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to made immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

BRUCE BAKER, Moon tp.,
mar25 Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

WHEREAS letters of administration on the estate of John Gunsaulis, late of Hanover township, Beaver county, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement without delay.

JOHN WILSON, Independence tp.,
mar4'63 Administrator.

Wanted Immediately,

FOX, MINK, RACCOON, SKUNK, and MUSKRAT SKINS; for which the highest prices, in Cash, will be paid at the Cheap Clothing Store of I. N. ATKINS, Beaver—sign of the Big Hat. dec17

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, issued out of the District Court of Allegheny county, and to me directed, I will expose to sale at public vendue, at the Sheriff's office in Beaver, on

Saturday, April 18th, 1863,

at 11 o'clock, A. M., the following described property, to wit:

All the right, title, interest and claim of John R. Large, one of the defendants, of, in, and to the following described piece or parcel of ground, situate in the village of Vanport, Beaver county, Pa., bounded on the north by public road, on the east by an alley, on the south by lands of Washington Johnston, and on the west by lands of Patrick Mulvannon, containing three acres, more or less, on which is erected a large two story brick dwelling house, containing two rooms, a kitchen and cellar in the basement or first floor, four rooms on the second floor, and two attic rooms, the entire house well finished; cistern at the door, a small frame stable and other out-buildings on the premises. The above piece of ground all under fence, with an orchard of fine fruit trees growing thereon.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of John R. Large, Isaac Large, and Lewellyn Large, partners as John R. Large & Co., at the suit of Ernest W. Morrow.

Apr JOHN ROBERTS, Sh'ff.

☞ Purchasers will be required to pay all stump duties.

JESSE JOHNSON,

General Commission Merchant

AND

Dealer in Flour, Grain, and all kinds of Country Produce, Wines and Liquors, Cigars, Tobacco, &c.

Office and Warehouse, No. 237 South 2d stree

Philadelphia.

☞ Liberal advances made on consignments aug 28.

J. O. WILSON. S. V. M'ELROY. JAMES FINLAY

WILSON, M'ELROY & CO.,

54 Wood St.,

PITTSBURG.

Have now their SPRING STOCK of

DRY GOODS,

Complete. Extra inducements offered to Cash buyers. (mh19

A NEW AND BEAUTIFUL EDITION OF THE MISTAKES OF EDUCATED MEN.

BY JOHN S. HART, LL. D.,

12MO., muslin, price 50 cents; paper, covers, 25 cents. Copies of this book will be sent by mail on receipt of the price, in postage stamps. Please address

J. C. GARRIGUES, Publisher,
148 South Fourth street, Phila. Pa.
mar26

AMBROTYPES!!

GOOD, SUBSTANTIAL, LIFE-LIKE PICTURES can now be had at the

COURT-HOUSE, IN BEAVER.

These pictures are not mere dashs, but warranted SUPERIOR to any that have ever been made in Beaver county, by any other artist. To be convinced, call and examine specimens. I will remain but a few weeks.

☞ Gallery in the same room occupied by me in 1857.

C. A. GRIFFIN,
Apr9 Photographic Artist

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS having business with the subscriber will please call with Mr. Robert Tallon, who is duly authorized to attend to all business during my absence. Also all persons having unsettled accounts will call and make settlement as soon as possible. As it has become my duty to leave home for the purpose of serving my country, I hope my customers will still give their patronage as usual, as they will find Mr. Tallon at the shoe shop and by son, James, at the tan-yard.

sep3, 1862. JOHN D. STOKES.

Dividend No. 9.

BANK OF BEAVER COUNTY,
New Brighton, Nov. 4, 1862.

A DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of this Bank, for the past 6 months, has been declared this day, payable to stockholders or their legal representatives, on Demand. This dividend will be free of the United States Tax, the Bank having assumed the payment of the same to the Government. EDWARD HOOPS,
nov19'62 Cashier.

NOTICE.

THE Co-partnership heretofore existing under the name and style of A. D. Gilliland, New Brighton, engaged in the business of merchandize, was duly dissolved on the 15th day of April, 1862. The Books will be settled at the store of M. Gilliland. All persons knowing themselves indebted to the late firm, will please call and settle immediately, as the Books will be closed without delay.

A. D. GILLILAND,
M. GILLILAND,
New Brighton, May 19, 1862.

Beaver Hotel,

JOSEPH HALL, Proprietor,

Beaver, Pa.

HAVING thoroughly fitted up this house, he is now prepared to accommodate his friends, and the public generally, in the most satisfactory manner. may62

JOHN B. YOUNG,

Att'y at Law,

(BEAVER, PA.)

☞ Office in the Court House.

Jan. 20, 1862

Confessions & Experience of an Invalid.

PUBLISHED for the benefit and as a warning and a caution to young men who suffer from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay &c., supplying at the same time the means of Self-Cure. By one who has cured himself after being put to great expense through medical imposition and quackery. By enclosing a post-paid addressed envelopes, single copies may be had of the author, NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, Esq., Bedford, Kings Co., N. Y.

mar26:1y.

Dissolution.

THE Co-partnership heretofore existing under the name and style of M'Connell & Darragh, Fallston, engaged in the Foundry and Machine Business, was duly dissolved on the 3d day of June, 1862. The books of the late firm will be settled by M. Darragh & Co., at their office in Fallston, Beaver county, Pa., where they will continue said business in all its branches. All persons knowing themselves indebted to the late firm will please call and settle immediately. DAVID M'CONNELL,
MATTISON DARRAGH,
Fallston, je10,'62* S. H. DARRAGH.

LOANS ON FIRST MORTGAGES can be negotiated at the PITTSBURG DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK, No. 67 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburg, on favorable terms.

jan21:3m C. A. COLTON, Treasury.

Sale of Real Estate.

BY virtue of an order of the Court of Common Pleas of the county of Beaver, the undersigned will expose to sale by public vendue or out-cry, on the premises, on

Tuesday, April 14th, 1863,

at 12 o'clock, M., the following described real estate, the property of Margaret Sander and Jerome Sander, (lunatics,) situate in the borough of Phillipsburg, county of Beaver, State of Pennsylvania, viz: Lot No. 24 in the plan of said borough, having a front of 60 feet on Hanover street and extending back the depth 140 feet; Also, a certain other lot of ground numbered 84 in the plan of Lot of East Phillipsburg, in the borough aforesaid, having a front of 66 feet on Second street, and extending back 116 feet to an alley.

TERMS—One third of the purchase money in hand on the confirmation of the sale by the Court, the residue in three equal, annual instalments from the day of confirmation.

☞ For further information inquire of the undersigned, Committee of said lunatics, Beaver, Pa.

JAMES BRITTAIN,
mar18.63. Committee

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Beaver county, will expose to sale by public vendue or out-cry, on the premises, on

Wednesday, April 15th, 1863,

at 12 o'clock, M., the following real estate of Rev. Wm. L. Wilson, dec'd., situate in the village of New Scottsville, Hopewell township, Beaver county, Pa., viz:

Two lots of ground adjoining each other, enclosed and containing, in the aggregate, three-fourths of an acre, more or less, bounded by Washington Street 150 feet, by Cherry Alley 201 feet, by Marshall Street 150 feet, and by lot No. 18 in the village aforesaid, 201 ft; on which are erected a good two story Frame Dwelling house, having 7 rooms therein, a good shop, a stable and other out-buildings.—A good well of water, and a variety of bearing fruit trees on the premises.

TERMS—One-third of the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of the sale by the Court, balance in two equal, annual instalments from that date, with interest thereon from same time.

☞ For further inquire inquire of Jno. Nevin, New Scottsville Beaver co., Pa., or the undersigned. ROBERT WILSON,
mar18'63. Administrator.

BEAVER DRUG STORE.

Opened in the Room formerly Occupied by the late Dr. Minis.

THE Subscriber having purchased the Establishment will endeavor to keep constantly on hand all articles usually found in Drug Stores.

Being a Physician and Druggist, the public may rely on his keeping the PUREST and BEST DRUGS.

A variety of other articles will also be found in his establishment:

Tea, Extract of Coffee, Rosin Soap, Fancy Soaps, Port Monies, Combs.

ALL ARTICLES FOR THE TOILET.

SPOOL COTTON, LEAD PENCILS, NEEDLES, STEEL PENS, HAIR BRUSHES, TOOTH BRUSHES, TOBACCO, SEGARS, LETTER, NOTE, & FOOLSCAP PAPER.

Carbon Oil Lamps and Chimneys.

These are a few of the articles, and only a few always on hand. Call and see.

He will try, by close attention and fair dealing, to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with their custom.

C. P. CUMMINS, M. D.

☞ Particular attention will be paid to putting up Physicians prescriptions. [aug27

PHŒNIX

LOOKING-GLASS & PICTURE FRAME

MANUFACTORY,

NOS. 221 EAST TWENTY-THIRD STREET,
173 & 175 GRAND STREET AND 215 CENTRE STREET,

ESTABLISHED 1838. N. Y. ESTABLISHED 1838

THIS Establishment has been in successful operation for 24 years, and is the largest of the kind in the United States. We have on hand or manufacture to order every description of looking-glass Frames and Portrait Plate, Plain and Ornamental Pier, Wall, Oval, Mantel Glasses, Connecting Cornices, Tassels and Pincher Tubes, With Marble Slabs, Toilet Glasses, &c., &c. &c. Mouldings for Picture Frames in lengths suitable for transportation, Gilt, Oil Gilding, Rosewood, Oak, Zebra, Birdseye, Mahogany, &c. Our new manufactory and extensive facilities enable us to furnish any article in our line as good as the best, and as cheap as the cheapest.

Dealers are invited to call upon us

When they visit New York. We claim to be able to supply to supply them with every article in our line which they can possibly purchase elsewhere.

☞ Orders by mail attended to with promptness. Do not fail to call when you visit New York.

Office & Warerooms, No. 215 Centre St., N. Y.
HORACE V. SIGLER, *Agent.*

May 7 y—3 mos.

THE GREAT CAUSE OF Human Misery.

Just Published in a Sealed Envelope. Price 6 cts.

A LECTURE BY Dr. CULVERWELL, ON THE CAUSE AND CURE of Spermatorhœa, Consumption, Mental and Physical Debility, Nervousness, Epilepsy; Impaired Nutrition of the Body; Lassitude; Weakness of the Limbs and the Back; Indisposition, and Incapacity for study and Labor; Dullness of Apprehension; Loss of Memory; Aversion to Society; Love of Solitude; Timidity; Self-Distrust; Dizziness; Headache, Affections of the Eyes; Pimples on the Face; Involuntary Emissions, and Sexual Incapacity; the Consequences of youthful Indiscretion, &c., &c.

☞ This admirable Lecture clearly proves that the above enumerated, often self-afflicted evils, may be removed without medicine and without Dangerous surgical operations, and should be read by every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, to any address, in a plain sealed envelope, on the receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps, by addressing,

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowery, New York, Post Office Box, 4586.

KOLLOCK'S

Dandelion Coffee.

THIS preparation, made from the best Java Coffee, is recommended by physicians as a superior NUTRITIOUS BEVERAGE for General Debility, Dyspepsia and all billious disorders. Thousands who have been compelled to abandon the use of coffee, will use this without injurious effects. One can contains the strength of two pounds of ordinary coffee. Price 25 cents.

KOLLOCK'S LEVAIN.

The purest and best BAKING POWDER known, for making light, sweet and nutritious Bread and Cakes. Price 15 cents.

Manufactured by
M. H. KOLLOCK, Chemist,
Corner of Broad and Chestnut streets,
PHILADELPHIA,
and sold by all Druggists and Grocers.
mar26

Important to Tax Payers.

NOTICE, is hereby given to Collectors of Taxes to pay off the balances due on the respective Duplicates on or before March term of Court 1863. The taxes are needed and must be collected in order to meet the demands upon the County.

C. C. BRADSHAW,
feb18'63. Treasurer.

ALWAYS READY.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

LONG marches, sore and stiff joints, blistered and inflamed feet, all these the soldier must endure, MOTHERS, REMEMBER THIS when your sons are going to their regiments meet danger, think what relief a few pots of HEALING & COOLING Salve will give to the one you love when far away from home and friends. It hardens and renders tough the feet so that they can endure great fatigue, it soothes and relieves the inflamed and stiffened joints, leaving them supple, strong and vigorous while for

SABRE CUTS AND GUNSHOT WOUNDS

it stands unequalled, removing and preventing every vestige of inflammation and gently drawing the edges together, it quickly and completely heals the most frightful wounds.

WIVES AND SISTERS OF OUR VOLUNTEERS

To cringe not into the Knapsacks of your Husbands and Brothers, a more valuable or more necessary gift than a supply of this

EXTRAORDINARY MILITARY SALVE.

The lonely sentry walking his rounds at night, exposed to drenching rains and chill night air, is often seized the most VIOLENT PAINS, COUGHS and SUFFOCATING HOARSNESS, first symptoms of QUICK CONSUMPTION, but if supplied with HOLLOWAY'S PILLS and HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT, all danger is averted, a few Pills taken night and morning, and the ointment briskly rubbed twice a day over the throat and chest will remove the SEVEREST PAINS and stop the most distressing or DANGEROUS COUGH Therefore we say to the whole army,

SOLDIERS ATTENTION!

See to your own health, do not trust to the Army supplies although most valuable. These PILLS and OINTMENT have been thoroughly tested, they are the only remedies used in the European Camps and Barracks, for over forty years Doctor Holloway has supplied all the armies in Europe, and during the CRIMEAN CAMPAIGN he established a depot at Balaclava, for the exclusive sale of these GREAT REMEDIES, many a time his special Agent there has sold over a ton in weight of the Ointment in a single day. These terrible and fatal enemies of the Soldier in Camp, DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, SCURVY, SORES and SCROFULOUS ERUPTIONS, all disappear like a charm before these PILLS AND OINTMENT, and now while the Cry rings throughout the land,

TO ARMS! TO ARMS!!

Do not let these brave men perish by disease, place in their hands these PRECIOUS REMEDIES, that will enable them to resist the dangerous exposures, the Fevers, the Chills, and the wounds which they cannot avoid, and what is more, cannot frequently get sooner in the moment of need, whereas if our brave men have only to put their hands into their Knapsacks and find there a sure remedy for all the casualties of the battle field. How many thousands of lives would thus be saved who would otherwise perish before relief could be obtained.

CAUTION.—None are genuine unless the words "*Holloway, New York and London*," are discernable as a water-mark in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box; the same may be plainly seen by *holding the leaf to the light*. A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

☞ Sold at the Manufactory of Professor Holloway, 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines, throughout the civilized world, in boxes at 25 cents, 62 cents and $1 each.

☞ There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box.

May 7.

NOTICE TO SOLDIERS

THE UNDERSIGNED has opened an office in WASHINGTON, D. C. for the Collection of

Pensions, Back Pay and Bounty,

due Soldiers, and will promptly attend to all business entrusted to him, and will furnish information relative to such claims, upon enclosure of necessary postage stamps.

SAMUEL A. POWER,
(Late Lieutenant Engineer,)
Washington, D. C.

feb11'63 (New Castle Courier, Mercer, Ohio, and Beaver Star, Pa., will insert this and charge Head Quarters, Washington, D. C. for this office.)

A Rare chance for a Good Investment.

FOR SALE

STOCK AND FIXTURES of a COUNTRY STORE, in a good location, with a large run of custom; situated within 12 miles of Pittsburg. Just in time for Fall and Winter Trade. Stock low at present, no unsalable Goods. Terms easy. For a man of limited capital, no better chance could be offered. Store and dwelling house for sale or rent.—Address "S. L." Allegheny City, P. O., giving real name, and stating where an interview can be had. Oct.15.

Stray Mare.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber living in Big Beaver township, Beaver county, on the evening of the 24th of April, a small Bay Mare, about 5 years old, shod all around, saddle marks, off hind heigh enlarged by a cut or bruise; no other marks perceivable. The owner is desired to come forward, prove property pay charges and take her away, or otherwise she will be disposed of according to law. JAMES K. CALHOUN.

C. P. CUMMINS, M. D.....J. K. CUMMINS, M. D.

C. P. Cummins & Son.

OFFER their professional services as Physicians and Surgeons, to the citizens of Beaver and vicinity. They can always be found, when not professionally engaged, at the Drug Store of C. P. Cummins, M. D.

Dec3'62

STRAY COW.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber living in New Sewickley tp, Beaver co., Pa., on the 6th of October, 1862, a red cow, with a white face, about 6 years old; she had a bell on, and two or three slits in the ear; no other marks visible. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away.

oc22:3t. A. P. SMITH.

Lost Dog.

LOST, in Rochester, on the 21st of October, a Black Shepherd Dog, with white rim around his neck, and white tip on the end of his tail; answers to the name of "Ring." Any person finding said dog will be suitably rewarded by leaving him at Johnston's Hotel, near Rochester Depot, or at the residence of the subscriber in New Sewickly tp.

nov12 JOHN GARRARD.

J. W. CRAFT, COMMISSION MERCHANT,

No. 185 Liberty Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Orders for Pittsburgh Manufactured Goods, and Groceries, promptly filled at the very lowest prices, when accompanied with cash or an equivalent. sep17:3m.

JOHN B. WILLIAMS, BARBER & HAIR-DRESSER.

(Shop, the door east of Proudley's Hotel,

BRIDGEWATER, PENN'A.

RAIL-ROAD HOUSE,

ADAM JOHNSON, PROP'R

ROCHESTER, PENN'A

MAYORS OF THE Great Cities.

We, the undersigned Mayors, hereby certify that the Druggists, Apothecaries, and Physicians of our several cities have signed a document of assurance to us that AYER'S SARSAPARILLA has been found to be a remedy of great excellence, and worthy the confidence of the community.

HON. JAMES COOK,
Mayor of LOWELL, MASS.

HON. ALBIN BEARD,
Mayor of NASHUA, N. H.

HON. E. W. HARRINGTON,
Mayor of MANCHESTER, N. H.

HON. JOHN ABBOTT,
Mayor of CONCORD, N. H.

HON. A. H. BULLOCK,
Mayor of WORCESTER, MASS.

HON. NATH'L SILSBEE,
Mayor of SALEM, MASS.

HON. F. W. LINCOLN, Jr.,
Mayor of BOSTON, MASS.

HON. WM. M. BODMAN,
Mayor of PROVIDENCE, R. I.

HON. AMOS W. PRENTICE,
Mayor of NORWICH, CONN.

HON. J. N. HARRIS,
Mayor of NEW LONDON, CONN.

HON. CHAS. S. RODIER,
Mayor of MONTREAL, C. E.

HON. D. F. TIEMANN,
Mayor of NEW YORK CITY.

HON. H. M. KINSTREY,
Mayor of HAMILTON, C. W.

HON. ADAM WILSON,
Mayor of TORONTO, C. W.

HON. R. M. BISHOP,
Mayor of CINCINNATI, OHIO.

HON. I. H. CRAWFORD,
Mayor of LOUISVILLE, KY.

HON. JOHN SLOAN,
Mayor of LYONS, IOWA.

HON. JAMES McFEETERS,
Mayor of BOWMANVILLE, C. W.

HON. JAMES W. NORTH,
Mayor of AUGUSTA, ME.

HON. HENRY COOPER, Jr.,
Mayor of HALLOWELL, ME.

HON. JAMES S. BEEK,
Mayor of FREDERICTON, N. B.

HON. WILLARD NYE,
Mayor of NEW BEDFORD, MASS.

HON. J. BLAISDELL,
Mayor of FALL RIVER, MASS.

HON. W. H. CRANSTON,
Mayor of NEWPORT, R. I.

HON. FRED STAHL,
Mayor of GALENA, ILL.

HON. JOHN HODGDEN,
Mayor of DUBUQUE, IOWA.

HON. THOMAS CRUTCHFIELD,
Mayor of CHATTANOOGA, TENN.

HON. ROBERT BLAIR,
Mayor of TUSCALOOSA, ALA.

HON. R. D. BAUGH,
Mayor of MEMP

"VANITY FAIR."

"This is the first really clever comic and satirical journal we have had in America—and really clever it is. It is both sharp and good-tempered, and not afraid to say that its soul is its own—which shows that it has a soul. Our readers will be glad to know where they can find native fun that has something better in it than mere *patois*."—*Atlantic Monthly.*

"This paper is excellent. . . . Remarkable for originality."—*N. Y. Traveller.*

"VANITY FAIR is conducted by a vivacious, witty and intelligent corps of journalists."—*Litchfield* (Conn.) *Enquirer.*

"Will wield as potent an influence as that of the London *Punch*."—*Boston Traveller.*

"Whosoever finds himself laughing at the wit of VANITY FAIR, and does not return a *quid pro quo*, is fit for treason, and spoils."—*N. Y. Crayon.*

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The very marked and flattering success which has thus far attended the publication of "VANITY FAIR,"

Enables the publisher to announce that with the commencement of the Second Volume, issued this day, 30th June, New Features, both Literary and Artistic, will be introduced, which will increase the value and interest of the paper, and fully maintain the proud position unanimously accorded to it, as the leading

COMIC JOURNAL OF AMERICA.

VANITY FAIR

ISSUED REGULARLY EVERY THURSDAY.

and is for Sale by all Newsmen, and at the Office of Publication, No 118 Nassau-street, New York.

TERMS:

Three dollars per annum, in advance—Six cents single copy.

TERMS FOR CLUBS:

Two copies of VANITY FAIR will be sent to one address for.....$5 00
Five copies.....12 00
Ten copies.....20 00

An Extra copy will be allowed to the getter-up of every Club of not less than five copies.

This paper is Electrotyped, and numbers may be procured at any time.

LOUIS H. STEPHENS,
Publisher for the Proprietors, 113 Nassau-st. New-York.

Office of JAY COOKE,

SUBSCRIPTION AGENT,

At JAY COOKE & CO., Bankers,
140 SOUTH THIRD STREET,
Philadelphia, Nov. 1, 1862.

THE undersigned, having been appointed SUBSRRIPTION AGENT by the Secretary of the Treasury, is now prepared to furnish, at once, the

New Twenty Year 6 per ct. Bonds

of the United States, designated as "Five-Twenties," redeemable at the pleasure of the Government, after five years, and authorized by Act of Congress, approved February 25, 1862.

The COUPON BONDS are issued in sums of $50, $100 $500, $1000.

The REGISTER BONDS in sums of $50 $100, $500, $1000 and $5000.

Interest at Six per cent. per annum will commence from date of purchase, and is

PAYABLE IN GOLD,

Semi-Annually, which is equal, at the present premium on gold, to about EIGHT PERCENT. PER ANNUM.

Farmers, Merchants Mechanics Capitalists, and all who have any money to invest, should know and remember that these Bonds are, in effect, a FIRST MORTGAGE upon all Railroads, Canals, Bank Stocks and Securities, and the immense products of all the Manufactures, &c., &c., in the country: and the full and ample provision made for the payment of the interest and liquidation of principal by Customs Duties, Excise Stamps and Internal Revenue, serves to make these Bonds the

Best, Most Available and Most Popular Investment in the Market.

Subscriptions received at PAR in Legal Tender Notes, or notes and checks of banks at par in Philadelphia. Subscribers by mail will receive prompt attention, and every facility and explanation will be afforded on application at this office.

A full supply of Bonds will be kept on hand for immediate delivery.

JAY COOKE, Subscription Agent.

BEAVER SEMINARY AND INSTITUTE

Rev. R. T. Taylor, A. M., Prin.
Mrs. A. S. Taylor, Governess.

THE NEXT TERM WILL COMMENCE

Tuesday, March 24th, 1863,

And continue 14 weeks. The aim of the school is to make its pupils thorough, especially in the Common Branches.

A Normal Class,

for the benefit of those wishing to fit themselves for teaching, will be formed at the commencement of the term.

Board, Room rent, &c.....$38 00
Tuition varies from $3,50 to $8,00

☞ For further particulars inquire of the President of Faculty.

mar4'63 R. T. TAYLOR.

$30. Employment. $100

COMMERCIAL AGENTS WANTED
TO SELL GOODS FOR THE

ADAMS
(A NEW ENGLAND)
Manufacturing Company.

WILL GIVE A COMMISSION OF one hundred per cent. on all goods sold by our Agents, or we will pay wages of from $30 to $100 per month and pay all necessary expenses. For particulars address with stamp,

CHAS. RUGGLES, Gen. Ag't,
For the Adams Manufacturing Co., Detroit, Michigan. July 2, 1862.

NOTICE.

AARON MOORE, of this Borough is the only LICENSED AUCTIONEER in this county. He is, at any time, ready to perform the duties of his office when notified. Any other who attempts to sell at Auction, except at Administrator's sale, does it in violation of law. The penalty is not less than $100.

Beaver, Dec. 10, '62.

Stray.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber, in Chippewa tp., about the 1st of July, a White Heifer, 2 years old. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away; otherwise she will be disposed of according to law.

Aug. 21—2m. THOS. M'KINLEY.

$50 Reward.

I WILL give the above reward for the arrest and conviction of any person found trespassing or doing malicious mischief on my property, adjoining the farm of Abram Wolf and lot of John Fisher, near the boro. of Beaver. DAVID STONER.

Jan. 26, '63.

Kerr's Hotel,

Third Street, Beaver, Penn'a.
S. KERR, Proprietor.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS

THE combination of ingredients in these Pills are the result of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, and certain in correcting all irregularities, painful menstruations, removing all obstructions, whether from cold or otherwise, headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, whites, all nervous affections, fatigue, hysterics, pain in the back and limbs, etc., disturbed sleep, which arise from interruption of nature.

Dr Cheeseman's Pills

was the commencement of a new era in the treatment of those irregularities and obstructions which have consigned so many to a PREMATURE GRAVE. No female can enjoy good health unless she is regular, and whenever an obstruction takes place the general health begins to decline.

Dr. Cheeseman's Pills

are the most effectual remedy known for all complaints peculiar to Females. To all classes they are invaluable, *inducing, with certainty, periodical regularity.* They are known to thousands, who have used them at different periods, throughout the country, having the sanction of some of the most eminent Physicians in America.

Explicit directions, stating when they should not be used, with each Box—the Price One Dollar per Box, containing from 50 to 60 Pills.

Pills *sent by mail, promptly*, by remitting to the Proprietor. Dr. Smith of Bridgewater, sole agent for this County.

R. B. HUTCHINGS, Proprietor.
20 Cedar St., New York.

BEAVER DRUG STORE.
Opened in the Room formerly Occupied by the late Dr. Minis.

THE Subscriber having purchased the Establishment will endeavor to keep constantly on hand all articles usually found in Drug Stores.

Being a Physician and Druggist, the public may rely on his keeping the PUREST and BEST DRUGS.

A variety of other articles will also be found in his establishment:

Tea, Extract of Coffee, Rosin Soap, Fancy Soaps, Port Monies, Combs.

ALL ARTICLES FOR THE TOILET. SPOOL COTTON, LEAD PENCILS, NEEDLES, STEEL PENS, HAIR BRUSHES, TOOTH BRUSHES, TOBACCO, SEGARS, LETTER, NOTE, & FOOLSCAP PAPER.

Carbon Oil Lamps and Chimneys.

These are a few of the articles, and only a few always on hand. Call and see.

He will try, by close attention and fair dealing, to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with their custom.

C. P. CUMMINS, M. D.

☞ Particular attention will be paid to putting up Physicians prescriptions. [aug27

PHŒNIX
LOOKING-GLASS & PICTURE FRAME MANUFACTORY,

NOS. 221 EAST TWENTY-THIRD STREET, 173 & 175 GRAND STREET AND 215 CENTRE STREE.

ESTABLISHED 1838. N. Y. ESTABLISHED 1838

THIS Establishment has been in successful operation for 24 years, and is the largest of the kind in the United States. We have on hand or manufacture to order every description of Looking-glass, Picture and Portrait Frames, Plain and Ornamental Pier, Wall, Oval & Mantel Glasses, Connecting Cornices, Base and Bracket Tables, with Marble Slabs, Toilet Glasses, &c., &c. &c. Mouldings for Picture Frames, in lengths suitable for transportation, either Gilt, Berling, Rosewood, Oak, Zebra, Birdseye, Mahogany, &c. Our new manufactory and extensive facilities enable us to furnish any article in our line as good as the best, and as cheap as the cheapest.

Dealers are invited to call upon us

When they visit New York. We claim to be able to supply to supply them with every article in our line which they can possibly purchase elsewhere.

☞ Orders by mail attended to with promptness. Do not fail to call when you visit New York.

Office & Warerooms, No. 215 Centre St., N. Y.
HORACE V. SIGLER, *Agent.*

Ma7 y—3 mos.

THE GREAT CAUSE OF

Human Misery.

Just Published in a Sealed Envelope. Price 6 cts.

A LECTURE BY DR. CULVERWELL ON THE CAUSE AND CURE of Spermatorrhœa, Consumption, Mental and Physical Debility, Nervousness, Epilepsy; Impaired Nutrition of the Body; Lassitude; Weakness of the Limbs and the Back; Indisposition, and Incapacity for study and Labor; Dullness of Apprehension; Loss of Memory; Aversion to Society; Love of Solitude; Timidity; Self-Distrust; Dizziness; Headache, Affections of the Eyes; Pimples on the Face; Involuntary Emissions, and Sexual Incapacity: the Consequences of youthful Indiscretion, &c., &c.,

☞ This admirable Lecture clearly proves that the above enumerated, often self-afflicted evils, may be removed without medicine and without Dangerous surgical operations, and should be read by every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, to any address, in a plain sealed envelope, on the receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps, by addressing,

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowery, New York, Post Office Box, 4586.

KOLLOCK'S

Dandelion Coffee.

THIS preparation, made from the best JAVA Coffee, is recommended by physicians as a superior NUTRITIOUS BEVERAGE for General Debility, Dyspepsia and all billious disorders. Thousands who have been compelled to abandon the use of coffee, will use this without injurious effects. One can contains the strength of two pounds of ordinary coffee. Price 25 cents.

KOLLOCK'S LEVAIN.

The purest and best BAKING POWDER known, for making light, sweet and nutritious Bread and Cakes. Price 15 cents.

Manufactured by
M. H. KOLLOCK, Chemist,
Corner of Broad and Chestnut streets,
PHILADELPHIA,
and sold by all Druggists and Grocers.

mar26

TO COUNTRY DEALERS.

School Books and Stationery at Wholesale.

The subscriber has always on hand Osgood's & M Guffey's Speller & Readers, Ray's, Arithmetics, Stoddard's Arithmetic, Pinneo's Grammars, Bibles, &c., Testaments, Letter Cap and Commercial Note papers, Envelopes, Blank Books, Pass Books, Steel Pens and Holders, Copy Books, Slates, Ink, Ink stands, Bonnet Boards, &c., &c.

Usual discount for cash. Goods packed and delivered to any part of the city. ROBT. S. DAVIS,
feb18 73 Wood st., Pittsburgh

GERMANTOWN TELEGRAPH.

A Family and an Agricultural Journal,

DEVOTED TO

CHOICE LITERATURE,

INCLUDING

Poetry, Novelettes, Tales,

AND MORAL AND ENTERTAINING READING GENERALLY.

In the Literary Department we shall present the choicest varieties within the reach of our extended means. The Novelettes, Tales, Poetry, &c., shall be supplied from the best and highest sources, and be equal to anything to be found in any journal or magazine.

Agriculture and Horticulture,

EMBRACING

Farming, Gardening, Fruit-Raising, &c.

In all their branches, as conducted on the latest and most approved system.

Our labors in this department for over thirty years, have met the cordial approbation of the public. Our purpose has been to furnish useful and reliable information upon these very important branches of industry, and to protect them so far as within our power against the false doctrines and selfish purposes of the many empires and sensation-adventurers by which the Farmer is incessantly assailed. This portion of the *Germantown Telegraph* will alone be worth the whole price of subscription, as every Farmer and Gardener, who has a proper conception of his calling, will readily admit.

NEWS DEPARTMENT.

The same industry, care, and discrimination, in gathering and preparing the Stirring Events of the Day, expressly for this paper, which hitherto has been one of its marked features and given so universal satisfaction, will be continued with redoubled efforts to meet the increasing demands of the public. The labor required in this department is never fully appreciated by the reader. It would be impossible to present, the condensed and carefully made-up form in which it appears, a corrected mass of all the most interesting news of the week, without involving much physical labor, tact and judgment.

We annex the *cash terms*, to which we beg leave to call attention of all who think of subscribing for a newspaper:

Advance Cash Terms.

One copy, one year, $2; one copy, three years, $5,00; three copies, one year, $5,00; Five Copies, One Year, $8,00; Ten Copies, One Year, $15,00; Twenty Copies, One Year, $28,00.

☞ Subscription not paid within the year, $2,50.

☞ A Club of five subscribers, at $8, will entitle the person getting it up to a copy for six months; a Club of ten or more, to a copy for one year. All Club subscriptions stopped at the end of the time paid for, unless re-ordered.

☞ No order will receive attention unless accomplished with the cash.

☞ Specimen numbers sent to applicants.

PHILIP R. FREAS,
Editor and Proprietor.
Germantown, Philadelphia, Oct. 22, '62.

NEW BRIGHTON RETREAT.

AN ASYLUM FOR THE RECEPTION, CURE AND TREATMENT OF MENTAL ALIENATION OR DISORDER.

And Other

Nervous and Chronic Diseases.

EXCLUSIVELY FOR FEMALES.

THIS institution is now open for the reception, care, and treatment of the *independent class* of patients who are laboring under mental derangement; or other nervous, and chronic disease. We make special mention of nervous and chronic diseases, from the fact that seven tenths of the female patients that are committed to our public Asylums, to be created for disordered minds, are reduced to that lamentable condition through previous physical disorder. By a well timed and judicious treatment of chronic and nervous diseases, all physical disorders, in the majority of cases may be removed; and thus the mind, having suffered through the medium of the body, will when free from the exciting physical cause, throw off the shackles that has bound it to worse than midnight darkness, and reason will, once more, resume its sway, clothed in all its primitive beauty and wonted excellence. Hence the necessity of all those, who are laboring under the predisposing or exciting causes, calculated in the end to impair the mind to resort to an early and judicious course of remedial agents.

The Institution is a large brick building with a stone basement—four stories high and well ventilated. It is situated on an elevated table land which commands a view of entire town—adjacent hills—groves and neighboring streams; all of which are calculated to produce favorable impressions upon the disordered mind.

The Institution is complete in all of its appointments. Having been tastefully fitted up at great expense, in order that it may meet the approbation and views of the most fastidious.

The water closets and bathing apparatus have been gotten up upon the most approved modern scientific principles. This department embraces not only the ordinary baths but, also, the medicated, warm air and ascending and descending *douche* for the more effectual and successful treatment of cutaneous and other scrofulous diseases.

We beg leave to say to all those who may be disposed to commit the interests of a dear wife, sister or daughter, to our charge—may be assured that no means will be spared or efforts wanting on our part to ameliorate their condition or to effect a restoration to their accustomed health and vigor of mind.

For further particulars send for a circular. All communications should be addressed to

E. KENDRICK, M. D.
Supt. of New Brighton Retreat
New Brighton
nov12'62. Beaver Co. Pa.

New Goods!!

B. S. RANGER,

Bridgewater, Pa.,

HAS just received a large assortment of SPRING GOODS,

which will be offered at *PANIC PRICES.*

Amongst his stock can, at all times, be found a variety of

DRESS GOODS, MUSLINS, GLOVES, HOSIERY, &c., &c.,
IRON & STEEL, all varieties.
NAILS by the pound or keg.
WHITE LEAD and VARNISH.
LARD, SPERM, LINSEED & CARBON OILS
WINDOW GLASS, all sizes,
QUEENSWARE, LOOKING-GLASSES, &c.,

All of which will be sold low for Cash, or Country Produce.

Bridgewater, May 7, 1862.

PROF. WOOD'S RESTORATIVE CORDIAL and Blood Renovator, the genuine article, for sale at the Drug Store of
oct2 DR. C. P. CUMMINS.

CRITTENDEN'S PHILADELPHIA COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,

N. E. corner of 7th & Chestnut St.,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

THIS Institution, which was established in 1844, and is now consequently in the eighteenth year of its existence, numbers among its graduates, hundreds of the most successful Merchants and Business Men of our Country.

The object of the Institution is solely to afford young men facilities for thorough preparation for business.

The branches taught are, Book-keeping, as applicable to the various departments of trade; Penmanship, both plain and ornamental; Commercial Law, mathematics, Navigation, Civil Engineering, Drawing, Phonography, and Modern Languages.

The system of Instruction is peculiar; no classes or set lessons are made use of, but each student is taught individually, so that he may commence at any time, and attend at whatever hours are most convenient.

Catalogues are issued annually after the 15th of April, containing names of the students for the year, and full particulars of terms, &c., and may be obtained at any time by addressing the Principal.

In extensive accommodations, wide-spread reputation, and the lengthy experience of the Principal, this Institution offers facilities superior to any other in the country, for young men wishing to prepare for business, and to obtain at the same time A DIPLOMA, which will prove a recommendation for them to any Mercantile House.

☞ CRITTENDEN'S Series of Treatises on Book-Keeping, now more widely circulated than any other work on the subject, are for sale at the College.

S. HODGES CRITTENDEN,
Attorney-at-Law,
May 7. PRINCIPAL.

Knox Fruit Farm & Nurseries.

For many years we have made the cultivation of SMALL FRUITS a specialty, and taking into account VARIETY, QUANTITY and QUALITY, our Stock of Vines and Plants of

GRAPES, BLACKBERRIES,
STAWERRIES, GOOSEBERRIES,
RASPBERRIES, CURRANTS, &c. &c.

is unequaled anywhere, which we offer on the most favorable terms. Parties wishing to purchase would do well to correspond with us, or send for our PRICE LIST, which will be sent to all applicants free of charge.

Our Seed Store and Horticulture House

IS AT

No. 29 Fifth Street,

where all articles belonging to such an establishment can be had of the best quality.

J. KNOX,
Box 155, Pittsburg, Pa.

WM. MILLER, Phil.... C. W. RICKETSON, Pitts'g

MILLER & RICKETSON,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

AND IMPORTERS OF

Brandies, Wines and Segars,

Nos. 223, *Cor. of Liberty & Irwin sts.*
PITTSBURG, PA.

Iron, Nails, ton Yarn, &c., &c., constantly on hand. [aug6

NEW MILLINERY AND MANTUA-MAKING ESTABLISHMENT.

BROADWAY, NEW BRIGHTON, PA.,
(Four Doors below Dr. Sargent's Drug Store.
may7,62—1y. MRS & MISS RENO.

PITTSBURG WATER CURE.

NO Curative Agency is superior to HYDROPATHY for the treatment of all forms of Diseases, and no Institution in this country possesses greater facilities for its administration than this.

☞ For Pictorial Circular address
DR. W. N. BADDLETON,
Pittsburg, Pa.

"The Union,"

Arch Street above Third,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Upton S. Newcomer, Prop'r.

THIS Hotel is central. Convenient by Passenger Railway Cars to all parts of the City, and in every particular adapted to the comfort and wants of the Travelling Public

TERMS, $1,50 PER DAY.

"The Howe Sewing Machine,"

SOLD BY

A. M. M'GREGOR,
CORNER PENN & ST. CLAIR STS.,
PITTSBURG, PENN'A.,
NEEDS ONLY TO BE SEEN TO BE APPRECIATED. [ap22—6m.

Notice.

IS hereby given that I have been appointed as Surgeon by the Pension Department, to examine wounded and invalid Soldiers, discharged from the service, that my authority extends to any County, State or Territory, and that I am now ready to enter upon the discharge of my duties.

GEORGE McCOOK, M. D.
Oct. 15—4t. Examining Surgeon.

JOY, COE & CO.,

Advertising and Commission Agents.

AND DEALERS IN

PRINTING INKS OF ALL KINDS

Type, Printing Materials,

WRITING AND PRINTING PAPER CARDS, &c

OFFICES—Brown's Building, Philadelphia; Tribune Buildings, New York.

mar26:1y.

JAMES S. RUTAN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

(*DISTRICT ATTORNEY.*)

BEAVER, PENN'A.

☞ Office in the Court House.

ALL claims against the Government for back pay, bounty and pensions, prosecuted to collection with the least possible delay. application to dec3'62

MILO A. TOWNSEND

DEALER IN

BOOKS, STATIONERY,

Wall Paper,

TOYS AND FANCY TRACLES

no6. NEW BRIGHTON, PA.

A. R. THOMSON.

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Office, corner of Third street and the Diamond.

BEAVER, PA.

may 21.

BENTEL, ARBUCKLE & CO

MANUFACTUTERS OF

CARBON OIL,

ROCHESTER,
BEAVER COUNTY, PA. [ap2

Sterling House,

No. 107 Second Street

(BETWEEN WOOD AND MARKET)

PITTSBURG, PENN'A.

BOARDING BY THE MEAL, DAY OR WEEK.

Terms Very Moderate.

FRIENDS AND RELATIVES OF THE BRAVE SOLDIERS AND SAILORS.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS
And Ointment.

ALL WHO have Friends and Relatives in the Army or Navy, should take especial care that they be amply supplied with these Pills and Ointment; and where the brave Soldiers and Sailors have neglected to provide themselves with them, no better present can be sent them by their friends. They have been proved to be the Soldier's never-failing friend in the hour of need.

COUGHS AND COLDS AFFECTING TROOPS

Will be speedily removed and effectually cured by using these admirable medicines, and by paying proper attention to the Directions which are attached to each Pot or Box.

SICK HEADACHES AND WANT OF APPETITE INCIDENTAL TO SOLDIERS.

These feelings which so sadden us, usually arise from trouble or annoyances, obstructed perspiration, or eating and drinking whatever is unwholesome, thus disturbing the healthful action of the liver and stomach. These organs must be relieved, if you desire to be well. The Pills, taking according to the printed instructions, will quickly a produce a healthy action in both liver and stomach, and as a natural consequence a clear head and good appetite.

WEAKNESS OR DEBILITY INDUCED BY OVER FATIGUE,

Will soon disappear by the use of these invaluable Pills, and the Soldier will quickly acquire additional strength. Never let the bowels be either confined or unduly acted upon. It may seem strange that Holloway's Pills should be recommended for Dysentery and Flux, many persons supposing that they would increase the relaxation. This is a great mistake, for these Pills will correct the liver and stomach and thus remove all the acrid humors from the system. This medicine will give tone and vigor to the whole organic system however deranged, while health and strength follow as a matter of course. Nothing will stop the relaxation of the Bowels so sure as this famous medicine.

VOLUNTEERS ATTENTION! INDISCRETIONS OF YOUTH.

Sores and Ulcers, Blotchings and Swellings, can with certainty be radically cured if the Pills are taken night and morning, and the ointment be freely used as stated in the printed instructions. If treated in any other manner they dry up in one part to break out in another. Whereas this Ointment will remove the humors from the system and leave the Patient a vigorous and healthy man. It will require a little perseverance in bad cases to insure a lasting cure.

FOR WOUNDS EITHER OCCASIONED BY THE BAYONET, OR SABRE OR THE BULLET, SORES OR BRUISES.

To which every Soldier and Sailor are liable there are no medicines so safe, sure, and convenient as Holloway's Pills and ointment. The poor wounded and almost dying sufferer might have his wounds dressed immediately, if he would only provide himself with this matchless Ointment, which should be thrust into the wound and smeared all around it, then covered with a piece of linen from his knapsack, and compressed with a handkerchief. Taking night and morning 6 or 8 Pills, to cool the system and prevent inflamation.

Every Soldier's knapsack and Seaman's chest should be provided with these valuable Remedies.

CAUTION.—None are genuine unless the words "*Holloway, New York and London*," are discernable as a water-mark in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box; the same may be plainly seen by *holding the leaf to the light.* A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

Sold at the Manufactory of Professor HOLLOWAY, 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines, throughout the civilized world, in boxes at 25 cents, 62 cents and $1 each.

☞ There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box.

May 7.

600 000
MALE OR FEMALE AGENTS

TO SELL

Lloyd's New Steel Plate County Colored Map of the United States, Canadas, and New Brunswick,

From recent surveys, completed Aug. 10, 1862; cost $20,000 to engrave it, and one year's time.

Superior to any $10 map ever made by Colton or Mitchell, and sells at the low price of Fifty Cents; 370,000 names are engraved on this map.

It is not only a County map, but it is also a

COUNTY & RAILROAD MAP

of the U. S. & Canadas combined in one, giving Every Railroad Station and distances between.

Guarantee any woman or man $3 to $5 per day, and will take back all maps that cannot be sold and refund the money.

Send for $1 worth to try.

Printed instructions how to canvass well furnished all our agents.

Wanted—Wholesale Agents for our maps in every State, California, Canada, England, France and Cuba. A fortune may be made with a few hundred dollars capital. *No Competition.* J. F. LLOYD, 164 Broadway, N. Y.

The War Department uses our map of Virginia, Maryland, and Pennsylvania, cost $100,000, on which is marked Antietam Creek, Sharpsburg, Maryland Hights, Williamsport Ferry, Bhorersville, Noland's Ford, and all others on the Potomac, and every other place in the above named States, or money refunded.

LLOYD'S TOPOGRAPHICAL MAP OF KENTUCKY, OHIO, INDIANA, and ILL., at the only authority for Gen. Rosecrans and the War Department. Money refunded to any one finding an error in it.

From the Tribune, Aug. 2.

"LLOYD'S MAP OF VIRGINIA, MARYLAND AND PENNSYLVANIA.—The map is very large; its cost is but 25 cents, and *it is the best which can be purchased.*"

Lloyd's Great Map of the Mississippi River.—From Actual Surveys by Capts. Bart and Wm. Bown, Mississippi River Pilots, of St. Louis, Mo., shows every man's plantation and owner's name from St. Louis to the Gulf of Mexico—1,350 miles—every sand-bar, island, town, landing, and all places 20 miles back from the river—colored in counties and States. Price, $1 in sheets. $2, pocket form, and $2,50 on linen, with rollers. Ready Sept. 20.

Navy Department, Washington, Sept. 16, 1862.

J. T. Lloyd—Sir: Send me your Map of the Mississippi River, with price per hundred copies. Rear-Admiral Charles H. Davis, commanding the Mississippi squadron, is authorized to purchase as many as are required for use of that squadron.

GIDEON WELLS, Secretary of the Navy.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS testamentary on the estate of SAMUEL BAXTER, late of Pulaski township, Beaver County, Penn'a dec'd having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

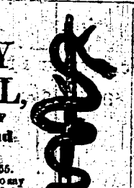
EDMUND BOOTS, North Sewickly tp,
SAMUEL BOOTS, "
feb28'62 Executors.

Important to Tax Payers.

NOTICE, is hereby given to Collectors of Taxes to pay off the balances due on the respective Duplicates on or before March term of Court 1863. The taxes are needed and must be collected in order to meet the demands upon the County.

G. O. BRADSHAW,
feb18'63. Treasurer.

AYER'S



CHERRY PECTORAL,

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Colds, Coughs, and Hoarseness.

SPRINGFIELD, MASS., 20th Dec., 1855.

DR. J. C. AYER: I do not hesitate to say the best remedy I have ever found for Coughs, Hoarseness, Influenza, and the concomitant symptoms of a Cold, is your CHERRY PECTORAL. Its constant use in my practice and my family for the last ten years has shown it to possess superior virtues for the treatment of these complaints. EBEN. KNIGHT, M. D.

A. B. MORTLEY, Esq., of UTICA, N. Y., writes: "I have used your *Pectoral* myself and in my family ever since you invented it, and believe it the best medicine for its purpose ever put out. With a bad cold I should sooner pay twenty-five dollars for a bottle than do without it, or take any other remedy."

Croup, Whooping Cough, Influenza.

SPRINGFIELD, MASS., Feb. 7, 1856.

BROTHER AYER: I will cheerfully certify your *Pectoral* is the best remedy we possess for the cure of whooping cough, croup, and the chest diseases of children. We of your fraternity in the South appreciate your skill, and commend your medicine to our people.

HIRAM CONKLIN, M. D.

AMOS LEE, Esq., MONTREAT, IA., writes, 3d Jan., 1856: "I had a tedious Influenza, which confined me in doors six weeks; took many medicines without relief; finally tried your *Pectoral* by the advice of our clergyman. The first dose relieved the soreness in my throat and lungs; less than one half the bottle made me completely well. Your medicines are the cheapest as well as the best we can buy, and we esteem you, Doctor, and your remedies, as the poor man's friend."

Asthma or Phthisic, and Bronchitis.

WEST MANCHESTER, PA., Feb. 4, 1856.

SIR: Your *Cherry Pectoral* is performing marvellous cures in this section. It has relieved several from alarming symptoms of consumption, and is now curing a man who has labored under an affection of the lungs for the last forty years. HENRY L. PARKS, Merchant.

A. A. RAMSEY, M. D., ALMON, MONROE CO., IOWA, writes, Sept. 4, 1855: "During my practice of many years I have found nothing equal to your *Cherry Pectoral* for giving ease and relief to consumptive patients, or curing such as are curable."

We might add volumes of evidence, but the most convincing proof of the virtues of this remedy is found in its effects upon trial.

Consumption.

Probably no one remedy has ever been known which cured so many and such dangerous cases as this. Some no human aid can reach; but even to those the *Cherry Pectoral* affords relief and comfort.

ASTOR HOUSE, NEW YORK CITY, March 5, 1856.

DOCTOR AYER, LOWELL: I feel it a duty and a pleasure to inform you what your *Cherry Pectoral* has done for my wife. She had been five months laboring under the dangerous symptoms of Consumption, from which no aid we could procure gave her much relief. She was steadily failing, until Dr. Strong, of this city, whom we have come for advice, recommended a trial of your medicine. We bless his kindness, as we do your skill; for she has recovered from that day. She is not yet as strong as she used to be, but is free from her cough, and calls herself well.

Yours with gratitude and regard,
ORLANDO SHELBY, of SHELBYVILLE.

Consumptives, do not despair till you have tried AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL. It is made by one of the best medical chemists in the world, and its cures all around us bespeak the high merits of its virtues.—*Philadelphia Ledger.*

Ayer's Cathartic Pills.

THE sciences of Chemistry and Medicine have been taxed their utmost to produce this best, most perfect purgative which is known to man. Innumerable proofs are shown that these PILLS have virtues which surpass in excellence the ordinary medicines, and that they win unprecedentedly upon the esteem of all men. They are safe and pleasant to take, but powerful to cure. Their penetrating properties stimulate the vital activities of the body, remove the obstructions of its organs, purify the blood, and expel disease. They purge out the foul humors which breed and grow distemper, stimulate sluggish or disordered organs into their natural action, and impart healthy tone with strength to the whole system. Not only do they cure the every-day complaints of every body, but also formidable and dangerous diseases that have baffled the best of human skill. While they produce powerful effects, they are at the same time, in diminished doses, the safest and best physic that can be employed for children. Being sugar-coated, they are pleasant to take; and being purely vegetable, are free from any risk of harm. Cures have been made which surpass belief were they not substantiated by men of such exalted position and character as to forbid the suspicion of untruth. Many eminent clergymen and physicians have lent their names to certify to the public the reliability of my remedies, while others have sent me the assurance of their conviction that my Preparations contribute immensely to the relief of my afflicted, suffering fellow-men.

The Agent below named is pleased to furnish gratis my American Almanac, containing directions for their use and certificates of their cures, of the following complaints:—

Costiveness, Bilious Complaints, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Heartburn, Headache arising from a foul stomach, Nausea, Indigestion, Morbid Inaction of the Bowels and Pain arising therefrom, Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, all Ulcerous and Cutaneous Diseases which require an evacuant medicine, Scrofula or King's Evil. They also, by purifying the blood and stimulating the system, cure many complaints which it would not be supposed they could reach, such as Deafness, Partial Blindness, Neuralgia and Nervous Irritability, Derangements of the Liver and Kidneys, Gout, and other kindred complaints arising from a low state of the body or obstruction of its functions.

Do not be put off by unprincipled dealers with some other pill that they make more profit on. Ask for AYER'S PILLS, and take nothing else. No other they can give you compares with this in its intrinsic value or curative powers. The sick want the best aid there is for them, and they should have it.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER,
Practical and Analytical Chemist, Lowell, Mass.

PRICE 25 CTS. PER BOX. FIVE BOXES FOR $1.

SOLD BY

☞ For sale, by D. Mitis, jr., Beaver; S. Cross, Rochester; Waggoner & Lowry, Freedom; J. Nichols, Baden; J. Sargent, New Brighton; John Black, Darlington; Durbin & Edgar, Fallston, and by dealers every where. Feb 12 '62.

MARRIAGE.

ITS loves and hates, sorrows and angers, hopes and fears, regrets and joys; MANHOOD, how lost, how restored: the nature, treatment and radical cure of spermatorrhœa or seminal weakness; involuntary emissions, sexual debility and impediments to marriage generally; nervousness, consumption, fits, mental and physical incapacity, resulting from SELF-ABUSE—are fully explained in the MARRIAGE GUIDE, by WM. YOUNG, M. D. This most extraordinary book should be in the hands of every young person contemplating marriage, and every man or woman who desires to limit the number of their offspring to their circumstances. Every pain, disease and ache incidental to youth, maturity and old age, is fully explained; every particle of knowledge that should be known is here given. It is full of engravings. In fact, it discloses secrets that every one should know; still it is a book that must be locked up, and not lie about the house. It will be sent to any one on the receipt of twenty-five cents in specie or postage stamps.

Address Dr. WM. YOUNG, 416 Spruce st., above Fourth, Philadelphia.

☞ *Afflicted and Unfortunate*, no matter what may be your disease, before you place yourself under the care of any of the notorious QUACKS—native or foreign—who advertise in this or any other paper, get a copy of Dr. Young's book, and read it carefully. It will be the means of saving you many a dollar, your health, and possibly your life.

DR. YOUNG can be consulted on any of the diseases described in his publication, at his office, 416 Spruce Street, above Fourth, Philadelphia.

☞ Office hours from 9 to 3, daily. [mar26

MME. DEMOREST'S

Quarterly Mirror of Fashions,

With Great Improvements and Additions,

THE SUMMER NUMBER CONTAINS

FOUR LARGE & SPLENDID FASHION-PLATES, THREE FULL-SIZED PATTERNS OF DRESSES,

COMPRISING THE

New French Waist, an Elegant Sleeve, and a Misses Sack, and a Sheet of New and Beautiful

BRAID AND EMBROIDERING PATTERNS,

Together with nearly 100 Engravings of all the novelties for

Summer Bonnets, Cloaks, Trimmings, Children's Dresses, &c.,

And valuable information to Milliners, Dress Makers, Mothers, and Ladies generally, presenting the largest and best Fashion Magazine in the World, published 473 Broadway, N. Y., and sold everywhere at 25 cents, or sent by mail, post free, on receipt of the am't in stamps or silver. Year $1,00 with the following valuable premium.

Each yearly subscriber will be entitled to a receipt for the selection of 50 cents worth of plain patterns, from the designs in the book, or from the show room, or they may be ordered and sent by mail any time during the year, by paying postage.

☞ Splendid Inducements to Canvassers.

☞ Summer No. now ready.

The Bugle Calls! The War has Begun! War of Extermination against Bad Teeth, Bad Breath, Diseased Gums, Toothache, Earache, and Neuralgia.

OUR ARTILLERY IS

DR. WM. B. HURD'S DENTAL TREASURY

A COMPLETE SET OF REMEDIES FOR

PRESERVING THE TEETH

Purifying the Breath and

AND

curing Toothache and Neuralgia.

CONTENTS.

Dr. Hurd's Celebrated MOUTH WASH, 1 bottle.
Dr. Hurd's Unequalled TOOTH POWDER, one box.
Dr. Hurd's Magic TOOTHACHE DROPS, one bottle.
Dr. Hurd's CARBUALED NEURALGIA PLASTER.
Dr. Hurd's MANUAL on Phosphate of Preserving the Teeth, including Directions for Proper Treatment of Children's Teeth.
FLOSS SILK for Cleaning between the Teeth.
TOOTH PICKS, &c., &c.

Prepared at Dr. Hurd's Dental Depot, 4 Fourth St., Brooklyn, (E. D.)

Price, ONE DOLLAR; or SIX DOLLARS.

☞ The *Dental Treasury* makes a package eight inches by five, and is sent by express.

☞ *Full directions for use in all cases* accompany each.

The following articles we can send safely by mail, viz:

The Treatise on Preserving the Teeth sent, post paid, on receipt of Twelve cents, or two stamps.

The Neuralgia Plaster, for Neuralgia in the Face, Nervous Headache, and Earache, sent post paid, on receipt of *Eighteen Cents*, or two stamps.

The Neuralgia and Rheumatic Plaster sent for Pains in the Chest, Shoulders, Back, or any part of the body, on receipt of *Twenty-five cents*, or three stamps.

Address,

WM. B. HURD,
Tribune Buildings, N. Y.

*Dr. Hurd's MOUTH WASH, TOOTH POWDER and TOOTHACH